

# Meeting of the General Faculty and Faculty Council

### Sonja Haynes Stone Center for Black Culture and History Hitchcock Multipurpose Room Friday, March 23, 3:00 p.m. 2007

Chancellor James Moeser and Faculty Chair Joseph Templeton presiding

### AGENDA

- 3:00 Welcome, Opening Remarks, and General Questions
- Chancellor James Moeser
- Provost Bernadette Gray-Little

## 3:30 Committee Reports

- Buildings and Grounds (Presented by Prof. David Owens, Chair)
- Copyright (Presented by Prof. Leah Dunn, Chair)
- Resolution 2007-6. Encouraging use of Office of Technology Development's Resources for the Commercialization of Works
- and Shirley Ort, Associate Provost and Director, Department of Scholarships and Student Aid (Presented by Prof. Charles Daye, Chair, Scholarships and Student Aid)
- 4:00 Second Reading: Resolution 2007-4. Amending The Faculty Code of University Government as it Relates to The Schools and Colleges; The General College; of Student Affairs; and Administrative Board of the Library. Records, Registration, and Undergraduate Admissions; Administrative Board The College of Arts and Sciences; The Graduate School; The Summer School;
- Prof. Michael Lienesch, Chair, University Government Committee
- 4:05 Educational Policy Committee Report and Proposal on Adopting the Students Achievement Index as the Metric for University-Wide Comparative Rankings of
- Prof. Peter Gordon, Chair of EPC Subcommittee on Grading

5:00 Adjourn

## Buildings and Grounds Committee (Appointed by the Chancellor) Annual Remart - 2006

## Annual Report--2006

### Members:

Futrelle; Fred Mueller (serving for 2006-07). Class of 2009: Joseph Jordan (on leave for 2006-07); Rachel Willis; Peter White; Linwood

Class of 2008: Thomas B. Clegg; Margaret Miller; David Owens (chair)

Class of 2007: Jim Hirschfield; Melinda Meade; Thomas Campanella.

Student Members: John Miller; Brendan Kereiakes, Katherine Zeiss

Members leaving committee during past year: Fred Mueller; Bynum Walter; John Francis.

Meetings during past year (2006): 1/5, 2/2, 3/2, 5/4, 6/1, 6/29, 9/7, 11/2, 12/7

Report prepared by: David W. Owens (Chair)

new buildings and additions, removal of facilities, changes in long term use and appearance of campus plans, placement and design of signs and campus art works. campus grounds, selection Committee charge: The committee advises the Chancellor on siting and external appearance of of architects for University projects, preparation of long-range

Previous Faculty Council questions or charges: None.

### Report of Activities:

at Airport Dr. complex; Parking at Giles Horney Building; Water feature in Coker Arboretum; Site recommendations (8): Dental Sciences complex, Scoreboard, Ehringhaus field; Fuel tanks additions Scoreboard at Henry Field; Bell Tower parking and liner building; Carmichael Auditorium

MacNider renovations; Hill Hall Auditorium renovations; Beard Hall window replacements of Laboratory Animal Science facility; Bynum Hall renovations; Brinkhous-Bullitt renovations; replacement; Carroll Hall roofing; Sports Medicine; Fuel tanks at Airport Dr. complex; Division Architectural firm and designer recommendations (10): Ralei gh St. stone wall repair and

Genomic Sciences building; Pedestrian bridge, South Road-Bell Tower; Carmichael Auditorium housing project; Morehead and landscaping at Henry Field; Raleigh Rd. stone wall replacement; Carolina Commons and access; Boshamer baseball stadium expansion and streetscape improvements; Scoreboard expansion and renovation. Exterior design and site plan recommendations (11): New Venable; Horney Building parking Planetarium and Science Center expansion; Bell Tower Phase I;

Demolition recommendations (2): Dental Office and Dental Research buildings; Nash Hall

Morrison Residence Hall; Nash Hall parking and landscaping; Bench location, Tarrson Hall Landscape and ground recommendations (4): Bench locations, Phillips Hall; Bench locations,

banners Signage recommendations (5): Dogwood Parking Deck signage; Memorial Hall ticket office; Way-finding prototype and locations; Building location sign prototype; Paul Green Theater

Campus art recommendations (1): Sculpture at Hyde Hall.

Plan and policy recommendations (6): Campus memorial tree policy. Plan and policy recommendations (6): Arts Common Phase I; Campus sustainability report; Campus master plan update; Development Plan modifications; Carolina North plan review;

Steering Committee. Other: David Owens serves on the Facilities Planning Committee and the Carolina North

Recommendations for actions by Faculty Council: None.

### THE UNIVERSITY COMMITTEE ON COPYRIGHT 2006-2007 ANNUAL REPORT OF TO THE FACULTY COUNCIL

## March 23, 2006

Members: Robert S. Dalton (2009), Leah McGinnis Dunn (chair) (2007), Sarah Michalak (2008), Barbara Moran (2007), Virginia Neelon (2009), John Semonche (2007), Michael Votta (2008) Hunter, Sallie Wright Ex officio: Graduate student representative: Morgan Stoddard Deborah Gerhardt, William Fletcher Fairey, Sian

creators of scholarly information. The committee's functions include: University community the concerns of faculty and other users and Charge: The committee represents to the chancellor and the

- models, and guidelines for fair use of information in all copyright use policies, changes in copyright ownership formats; monitoring trends in such areas as institutional or consortial
- 2 identifying areas in which policy development is needed and policies and guidelines; recommending to the chancellor new or revised institutional
- $\omega$ cooperating with the administration to propose and monitor works; and ownership and use of copyrighted or licensed scholarly the application of University policies and guidelines regarding
- 4 assisting in identifying educational needs of the faculty and guidelines, and advising on appropriate ways to address others related to compliance with copyright policies and those needs.

### Membership:

committee, replacing Jeanne Smythe after her retirement. Sallie Wright became an ex-officio member of the copyright

Barbara Moran and John Semonche. Three members' terms will expire this year: Leah McGinnis Dunn,

Meeting Dates for 2006-2007:

October 2, 2006

November 6, 2006 December 4, 2006 January 8, 2007 February 5, 2007 March 5, 2007 April 2, 2007

## 2006-2007 Activities:

The committee engaged in several activities this year:

## 1) Amendment to Copyright Policy Regarding Commercialization

it has incurred in commercializing the work). Ms. Innes believes that this policy change will encourage faculty creators of certain kinds of commercializing the work). Under the proposed revised policy, such faculty member would receive 70% of such royalty (again such the University has paid expenses, if any, it has incurred in share of royalties to faculty when the University, through OTD, commercializes their copyrighted works. Under the current policy, if works to use the resources offered by OTD. percentage is calculated after the University has paid expenses, if any, University receives for such work (such percentage is calculated after member, the faculty member receives 40% of the revenue that the OTD commercializes a work originally copyrighted by a faculty the current Copyright Policy in such a way as to provide a greater (OTD), approached the Copyright Committee with a proposal to amend Cathy Innes, Director of the Office of Technology Development

commercializes. Generally, OTD would only commercialize those works for which it can provide some expertise, in particular, software and multi-media works. any particular work; OTD would have discretion to choose the works it revised policy does not require that OTD, if requested, commercialize and how they make their works available to the public. Also, the owning copyright in their works would continue to be free to choose if their works through OTD or to commercialize them at all. Faculty The revised policy does not require that faculty commercialize

community without imposing any new burdens or restrictions on proposed change (see Exhibit 1 for current draft), the Copyright Committee agreed that such changes would benefit the University After discussing this proposal and reviewing drafts of the

that the Faculty Council approve the resolution attached hereto. current practices. Therefore, the Copyright Committee recommends

## non-faculty Works where copyright is owned by faculty or EPA

applied after University is reimbursed for incremental expenses Note: Percentages are approximate. Revenue distribution is to be

	Current royalty distribution	Proposed royalty distribution
<b>Amount to Office of</b>	20%	10%
Technology		
Development		
Amount to	40%	70%
creator(s)		-
Amount to creator's 40%	40%	20%
department or unit		

## Table 2: Works where copyright is owned by University\*

applied after University is reimbursed for incremental expenses Percentages are approximate. Revenue distribution is to be

	Current royalty distribution	Proposed royalty distribution
office of	20%	20%
Technology		
Development		
Amount to	0%	40%
creator(s)		
Amount to creator's   80%	80%	40%
department or unit	The state of the s	

## \*Jointly Owned Works:

the University faculty or EPA non-faculty creator(s) will be distributed owners shall meet to determine the ownership interest of each party. University and by University faculty or EPA non-faculty creator, such When a Traditional or Non-Directed Work is jointly owned by the A percentage of the work determined by the parties to be owned by

in accordance with Table 1; a percentage of the revenue which is equal to the percentage of the work determined to be owned by the University will be distributed in accordance with Table 2

Copyright Policy. See Exhibit 1 hereto for redline showing specific changes to the

# 2) Redesign of the copyright committee's website

system, and external resources; to ease navigation of the site; and to copyright committee's website can be found at: make organizationally clear material that is committee-related. to organize links to make clear which resources are campus, university resources, and make them appear more prominently on the website, The committee redesigned its website to update available copyright

http://www.lib.unc.edu/copyright/

## 3) Outreach to faculty on copyright issues

the committee reviewed the recently released "Campus Copyright Rights and Responsibilities: A Basic Guide to Policy Considerations" To aid in developing a plan to reach faculty regarding copyright issues, Discussion of this document focused on two issues: published in coordination with the Association of Research Libraries.

- 1) implications for policy as it relates to infringement on the UNC of Information Security (see #4 below), and computer network, which led to discussions with Vice Chancellor
- classroom use of copyrighted materials.

fair use analysis based on the four factors affecting fair use. this document because current policy a) supports the exercise of committee found that current policy addresses the factors outlined in committee compared its current policy to this document. The responsible, good faith exercise of fair use rights and b) recommends regarding fair use of copyrighted materials in the classroom. This document outlines factors to consider when developing a policy

will focus on how to disseminate this information to faculty. promoted as a faculty resource for fair use analysis. Future initiatives a resource for guidance in determining fair use, should continue to be easily determined, UNC Legal Counsel, referred to in current policy as Because every evaluation of fair use is unique and fair use isn't always

copyright committee and in collaboration with the Scholarly Communications Committee. attended the Association of Research Libraries Institute on Scholarly Communication and reported on ideas for outreach to faculty both as a Ex-officio member of the Copyright Committee Deborah Gerhardt,

## 4) Revising policy regarding copyright infringement on the **UNC** computer network

proposed copyright policy changes that will relate to peer-to-peer the full impact that is desired, so she will approach the committee with initiatives aimed at decreasing downloading violations have not had outlined her office's role in dealing with copyright violations. Assistant Vice Chancellor for Information Security Sallie Wright Recent

### Submitted by:

Leah McGinnis Dunn, chair
Robert S. Dalton
Sarah Michalak
Barbara Moran
Virginia Neelon
John Semonche
Morgan Stoddard
Michael Votta
William Fletcher Fairey, ex officio
Deborah Gerhardt, ex officio
Sian Hunter, ex officio
Sallie Wright, ex officio

# Resolution Recommended for Action by the Faculty Council:

## Resources for the Commercialization of Works **Encouraging use of Office of Technology Development's** Resolution xx-x

of copyrighted works owned by the faculty; WHEREAS, the University wishes to encourage the dissemination

works, provides one model for distribution of works to the public; WHEREAS, one form of dissemination, the commercialization of

expertise in the commercialization of certain kinds of works and wishes to assist faculty with the dissemination and commercialization of those WHEREAS, the Office of Technology Development (OTD) has

not provide sufficient economic incentive to faculty authors of certain kinds of works to use OTD's services to commercialize those works; WHEREAS, OTD believes that the current Copyright Policy does

University shares with such faculty will create such an incentive; WHEREAS, OTD believes that increasing the revenue that the

University's Patent and Copyright Procedures; consistent with the revenue sharing currently provided under the WHEREAS, the proposed increased economic incentive is

for faculty who own copyright in their works; WHEREAS, use of the services of OTD will continue to be optional

particular work; WHEREAS, OTD will not be required to commercialize any

NOW THEREFORE, the General Faculty resolves as follows:

copyrighted works commercialized by the University's Office of should be modified in the form as substantially set forth in Exhibit 1 Technology Development. revenue shared with creators, including faculty creators, of hereto in order to permit the University to increase the amount of The Copyright Policy of the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

### Exhibit 1A

the form set forth below: of North Carolina at Chapel Hill to be amended substantially in Sections V through VII of the Copyright Policy of the University

Section V. C. (c) Commercialization; assignment to University.

mechanism for the sharing of commercial proceeds with the creator. outlining the commercialization responsibilities of the Institution and a under an Assignment Agreement including but not limited to provisions Directed Work, the creator shall assign the work to the University University is to be involved in commercializing a Traditional or Nonshall undertake best efforts to commercialize the work. If the work for commercialization, the Office of Technology Development that Office shall establish, and if in its discretion it agrees to accept the or Non-Directed Work desires assistance from the University in Office of Technology Development using such forms and procedures as commercializing the work, the creator shall report the work to the Where a University faculty or EPA non-faculty creator of a Traditional

(d) Allocation of Commercialization proceeds.

out in the University Patent and Copyright Procedures. commercialization shall be apportioned according to the formula set University and commercialized by the University, income from such When any Traditional or Non-Directed Work is assigned to the

Section VI.

[DELETED SECTION MOVED TO ARTICLE VII BELOW]

# Commercialization of Copyrighted Works.

A. Works Owned by Faculty or EPA Non-Faculty

- employee may commercialize works that he/she owns pursuant to this policy. A University faculty member or an EPA non-faculty
- employee that owns a work pursuant to this policy may seek such circumstance, the creator shall report the work to the Office of assistance from the University in commercializing the work. A University faculty member or an EPA non-faculty <u>Under</u>

shall undertake best efforts to commercialize the work. If the Office of for the sharing of commercial proceeds with the creator. commercialization responsibilities of the University and a mechanism creator shall assign the work to the University under an Assignment work for commercialization, the Office of Technology Development Office shall establish, and if in its discretion it agrees to accept the Technology Development using such forms and procedures as that Agreement including but not limited to provisions outlining the Technology Development undertakes to commercialize the work, the

and commercialized by the University, income from such employee work pursuant to this policy is assigned to the University work owned by a University faculty member or an EPA non-faculty formula : commercialization shall be apportioned according to the following Unless agreed otherwise in a written agreement, when a

such work (including attorney fees). <u>distributed as follows:</u> <u>University for incremental expenses, if any, incurred by it in licensing</u> commercialization of such work will be applied first to reimburse the The revenue that the University actually receives from its The remaining revenue will be

- Development and used to support its mission; 10% will be retained by the Office of Technology
- among them, unless either the co-authors have reached a written sole discretion, determines a different distribution is appropriate); and agreement providing for a different distribution or the University, in its (in the case of co-authors, the distribution will be divided equally 70% will be distributed to the author of such work
- determines a different distribution is appropriate). a different distribution or the University, in its sole discretion, departments or units have reached a written agreement providing for departments or units of the co-authors, unless either such authors, the distribution will be divided equally among the distributed to the author's department or unit (in the case of coand University budget policies, the remaining revenue shall be to the extent practicable and consistent with State

shall administer the receipt and distribution of such proceeds. The Office of Technology Development or any successor thereto

## B. Work Owned by University

- works that it owns pursuant to this policy. The University may in its sole discretion commercialize
- work owned by the University pursuant to this policy is commercialized apportioned according to the following formula: by the University, income from such commercialization shall be Unless agreed otherwise in a written agreement, when a

such work (including attorney fees). commercialization of such work will be applied first to reimburse the distributed as follows: University for incremental expenses, if any, incurred by it in licensing The revenue that the University actually receives from its The remaining revenue will be

- Development and used to support its mission; 20% will be retained by the Office of Technology
- agreement providing for a different distribution or the University, in its among them, unless either the co-authors have reached a written <u>sole discretion, determines a different distribution is appropriate); and</u> (in the case of co-authors, the distribution will be divided equally ਉ 40% will be distributed to the author of such work
- determines a different distribution is appropriate). a different distribution or the University, in its sole discretion, departments or units have reached a written agreement providing for departments or units of the co-authors, unless either such authors, the distribution will be divided equally among the distributed to the author's department or unit (in the case of coand University budget policies, the remaining revenue shall be to the extent practicable and consistent with State

## C. Jointly Owned Works

the parties to be owned by the University faculty or EPA non-faculty will be distributed as follows: a percentage of the revenue actually non-faculty creator, such owners shall meet to determine the received which is equal to the percentage of the work determined by percentage ownership interest of each party. The revenue that the is jointly owned by the University and by University faculty or EPA University actually receives from its commercialization of such work Work Jointly Owned: When a Traditional or Non-Directed Work

percentage of the work determined by the parties to be owned by the percentage of the revenue actually received which is equal to the creator(s) will be distributed in accordance with Section A(3) above; a University will be distributed in accordance with Section B(2) above.

## Student Works

the student generating such notes. lectures and exercises shall not be used for commercial purposes by Student Works that constitute notes of classroom and laboratory

# ₩<u>VII</u>. Works subject to both copyright and patent protection.

also be subject to patent protection. initiative investigate whether a copyrighted work reported to it may compensated in accordance with the provisions of the University of the inventor/creator shall assign copyright to the University. On Procedures. The Office of Technology Development may on its own North Carolina Patent Policy and the UNC-CH Patent and Copyright commercialization of such works, the inventor/creator shall be patent law and copyright law, if the University through the Office of Where an invention is thought to be subject to protection under both Technology Development determines to retain title to its patent rights,

## CRITICAL QUESTIONS REGARDING SCHOLARSHIPS AND STUDENT FINANCIAL AID University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Academic Year 2006-07

graduate/professional students at the University. promise and positions the University to compete for highest-achieving students, without regard to could not afford to attend the University. Merit-based aid recognizes and rewards student talent and Both are important sources for the recruitment and retention of undergraduate and Need-based student financial aid provides access for students who, without such assistance,

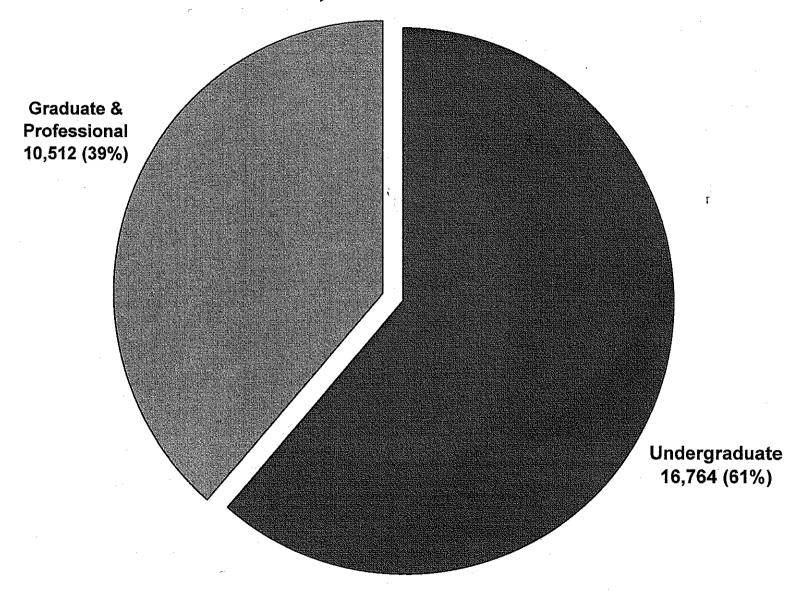
examine the following questions throughout the 2006-07 academic year: Faculty Committee on Scholarships, Awards and Student Aid will continue to perform research and The Office of Scholarships and Student Aid, the Office of Institutional Research, and the

## Policy Questions Addressed:

- scenarios, and in what types and amounts? How many more students will likely need financial aid under different enrollment growth
- Ŋ How will likely tuition and fee increases impact the need for additional grant aid, and for
- ယ performance, and retention? What is the impact of the Carolina Covenant<sup>TM</sup> on low-income student recruitment
- 4. the recruitment of high-achieving non-resident students? What effect did the legislatively authorized "out-of-state full scholarship provision" have on
- S How are graduate students funded, and how adequately are they served by institutional and federal programs?
- Ġ, How do students of all income levels pay for education at Carolina?
- .7 How are middle-income students faring at Carolina, given recent tuition increases?

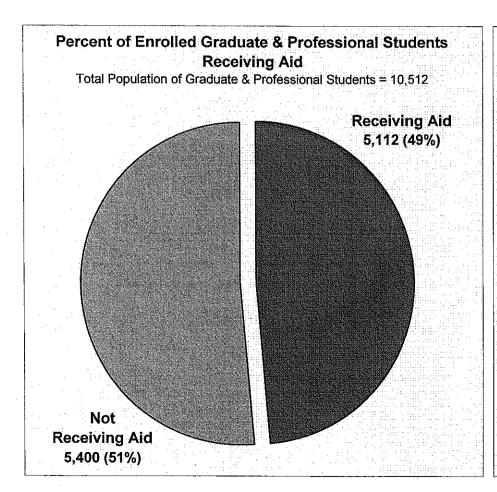
SAO:07/30/06

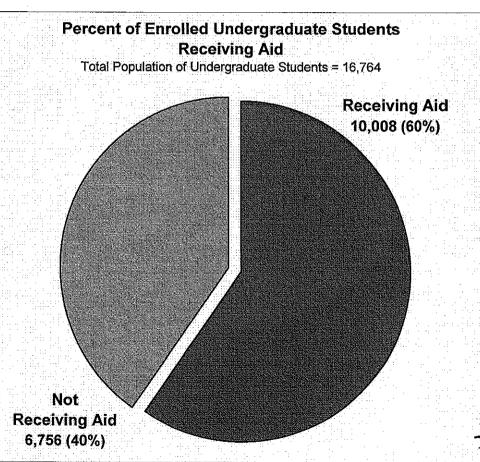
### Total UNC-CH Enrollment 2005-2006 27,276 Students



### Percentages of Enrolled Students Receiving Any Aid in 2005-2006

Total Student Population = 27,276
Total Student Population Receiving Aid = 15,120 (55%)





### All Students Receiving Any Aid 2005-2006 15,120 Students

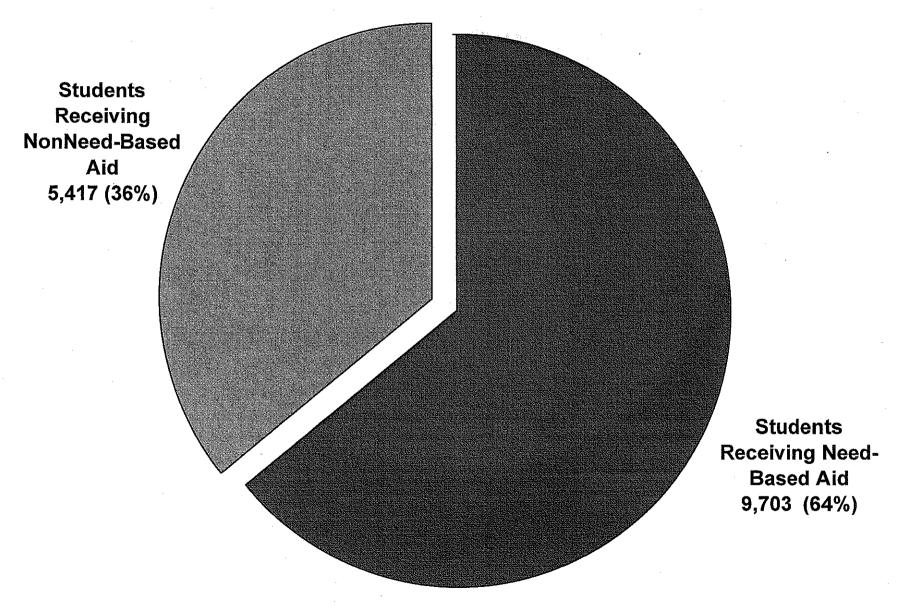
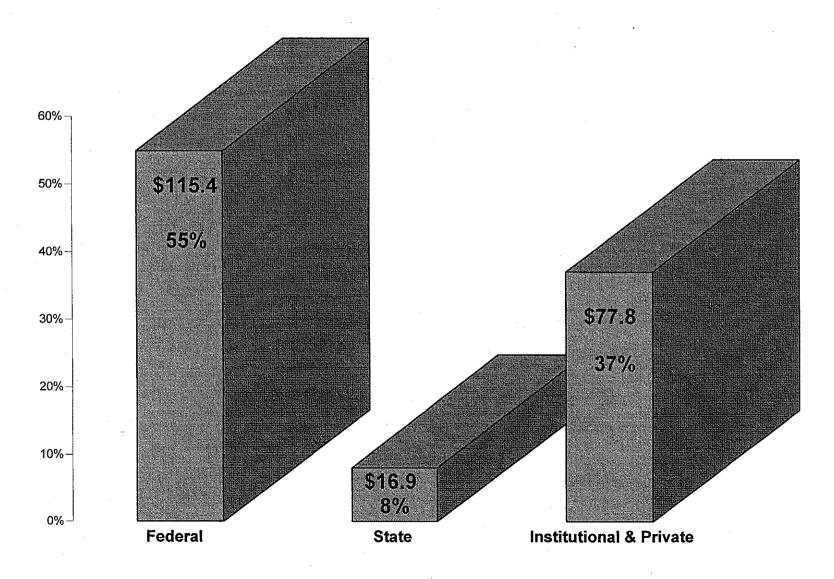


Chart 3
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment/Office of Scholarships and Student Aid February 26, 2007

### Total Aid Distributed to All Students, by Source 2005-2006, In Millions



### All Students Receiving Need-Based Aid 2005-2006 9,703 Students

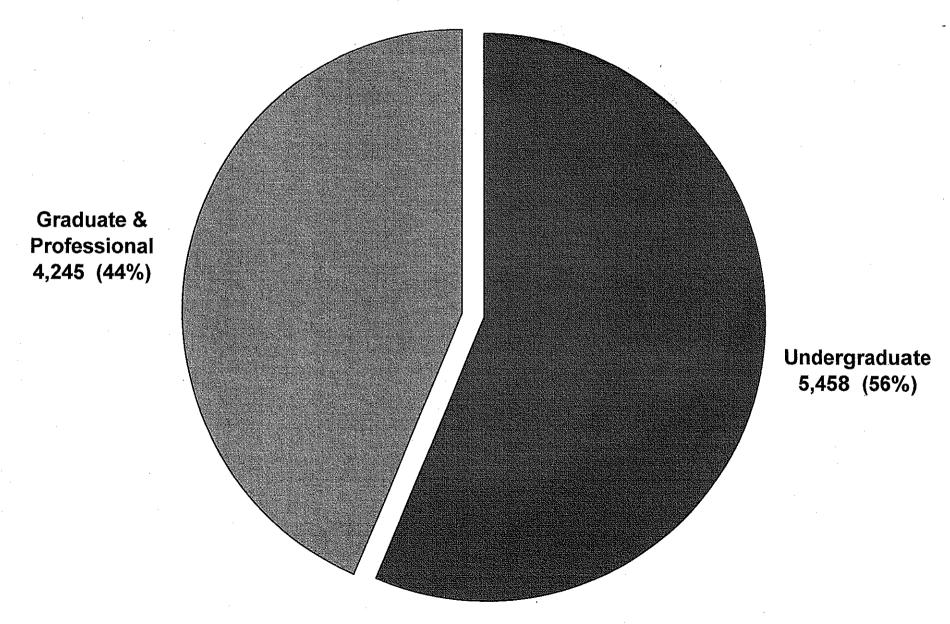
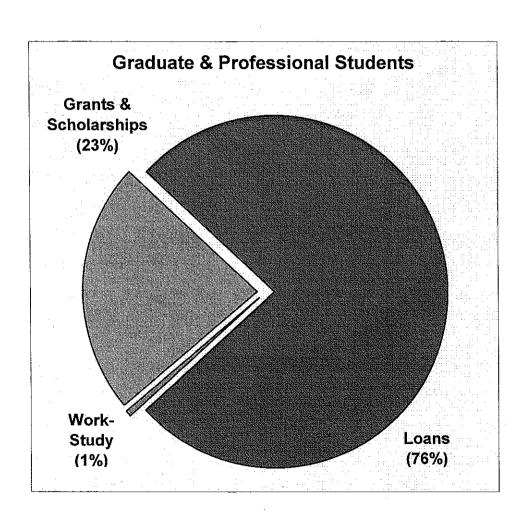
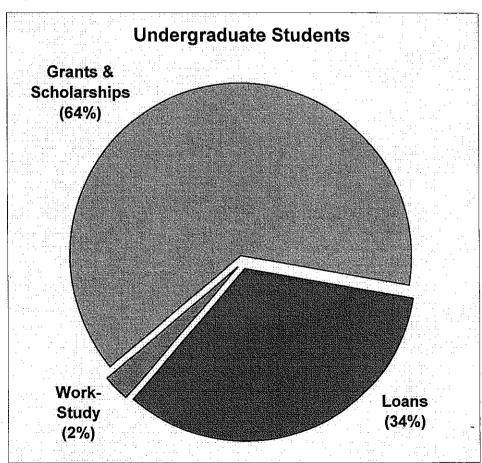


Chart 5
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment/Office of Scholarships and Student Aid February 26, 2007

### Need-Based Aid Distributed to Students, by Type 2005-2006





### Percent of All Undergraduate Students Receiving Need-Based Aid 2005-2006

(includes resident and non-resident students)
Total Undergraduate Enrollment = 16,764

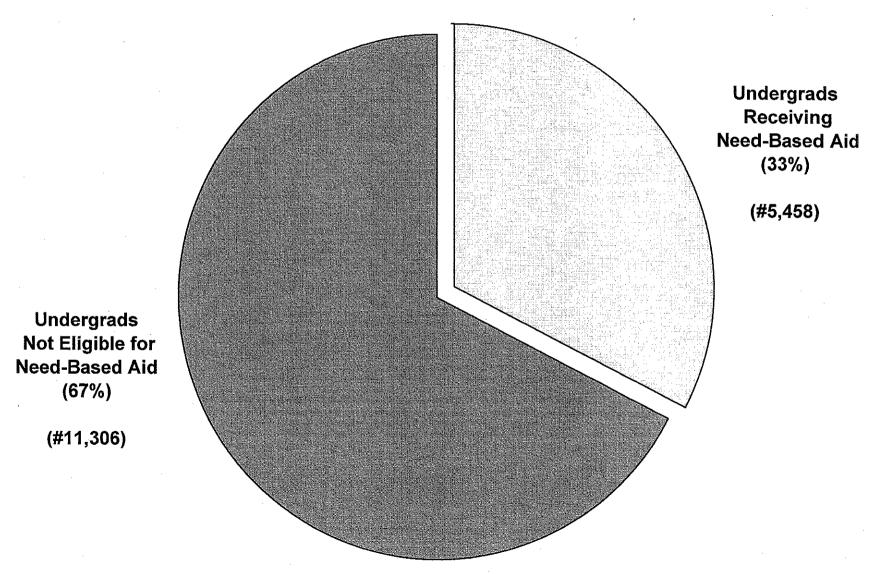
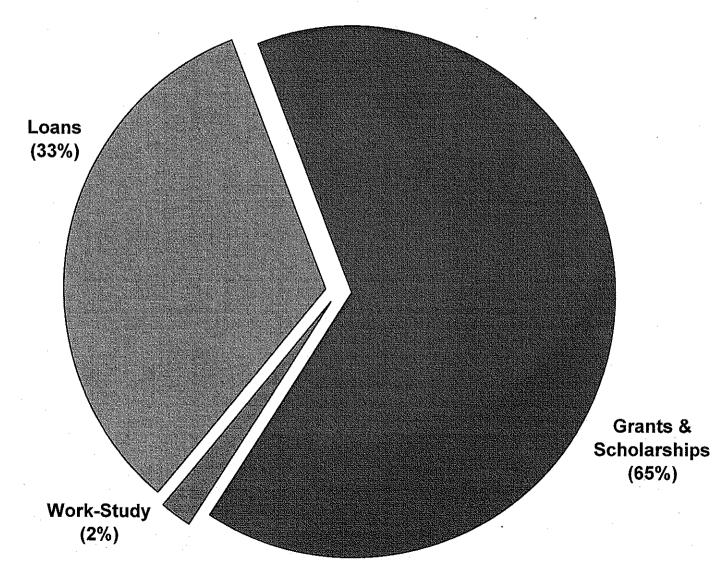


Chart 7
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment/Office of Scholarships and Student Aid February 26, 2007

### Typical Financial Aid Package for Aid-Eligible Freshman Applying By March 1st 2005-2006





Need-Based Aid Distributed to All Students, by Source 2005-2006, In Millions

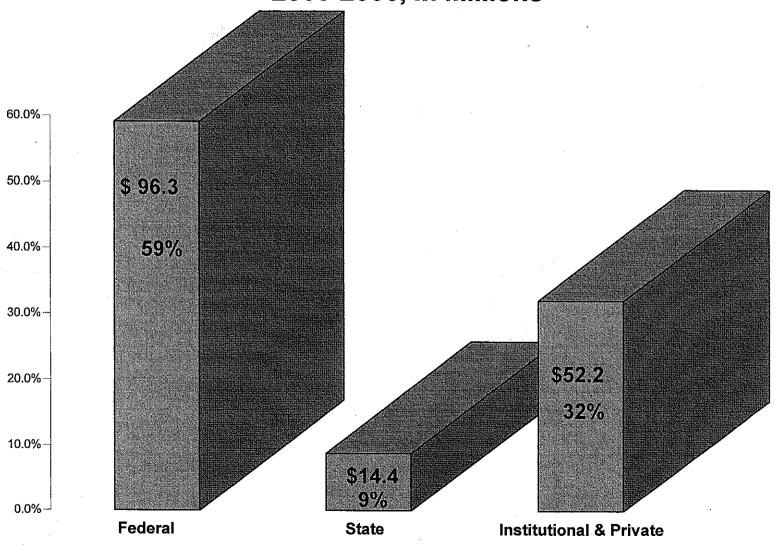
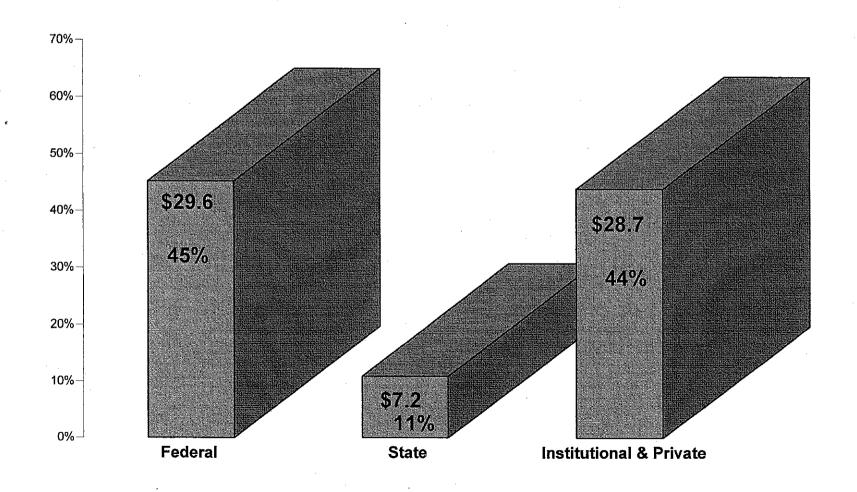


Chart 9
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment/Office of Scholarships and Student Aid February 26, 2007

### Need-Based Aid Distributed to Undergraduates, by Source 2005-2006, In Millions



Need-Based Aid Distributed to Graduate/Professional Students, by Source

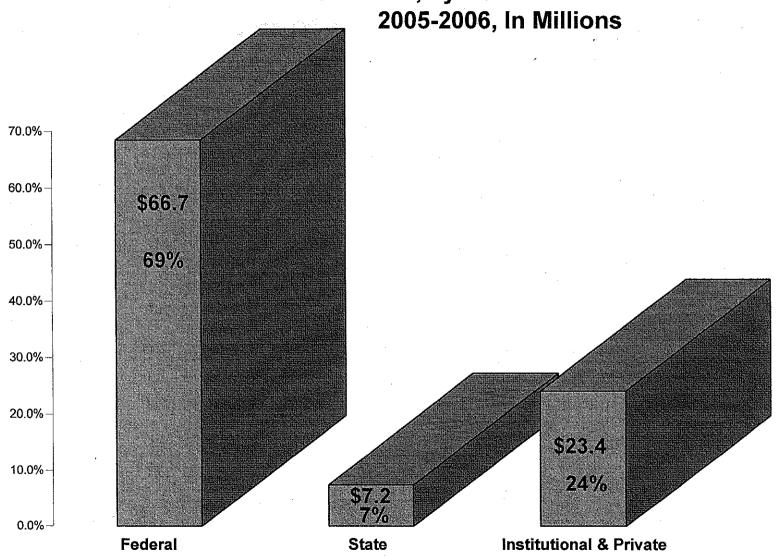
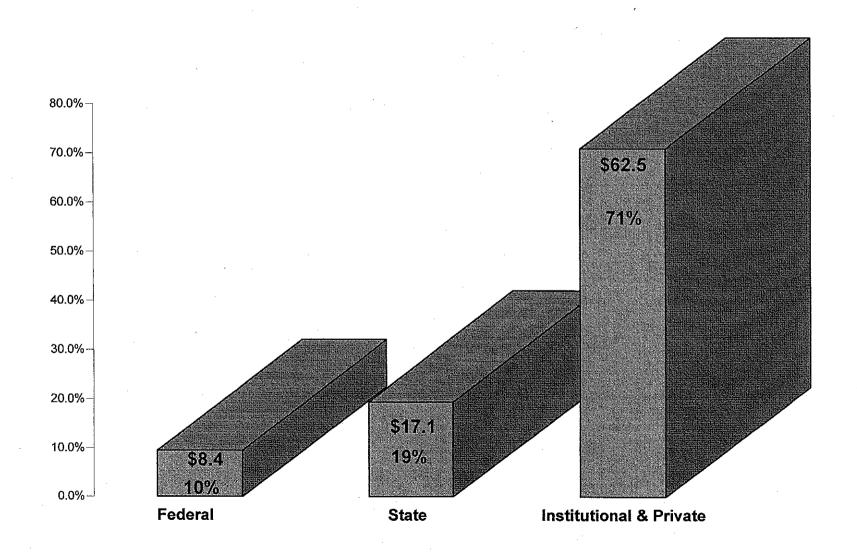
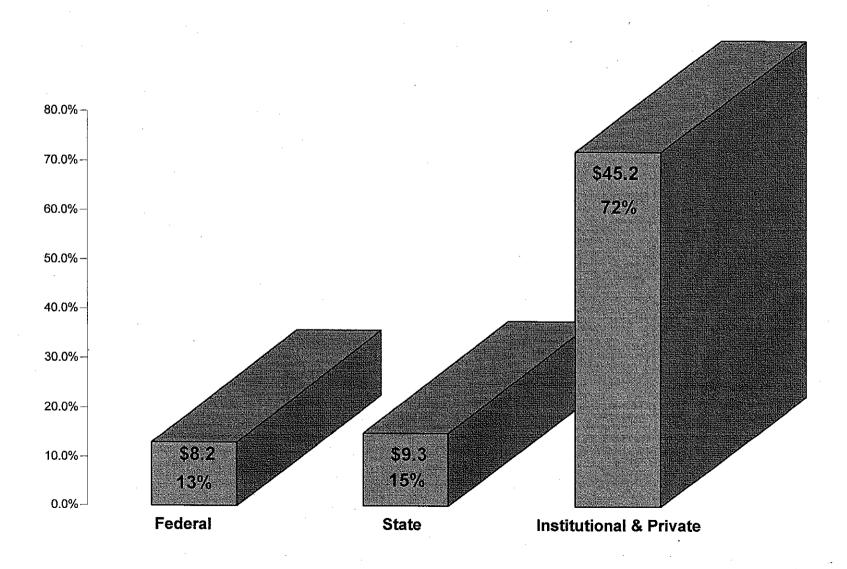


Chart 11
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment/Office of Scholarships and Student Aid February 26 2007

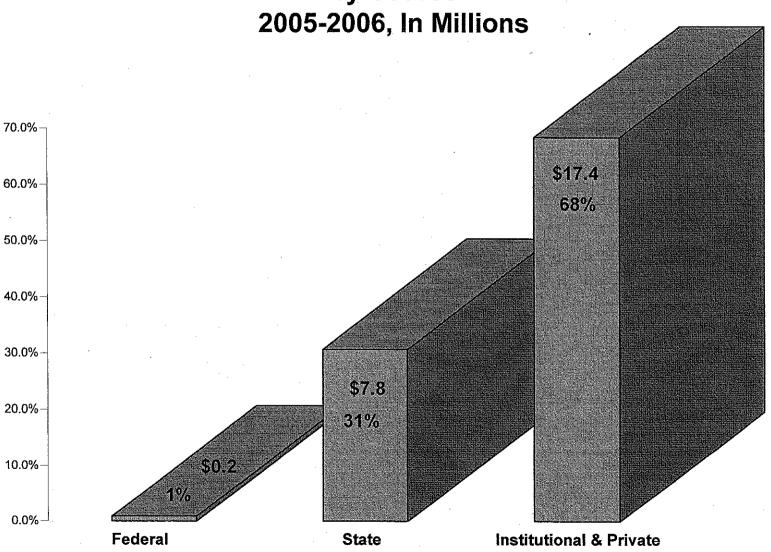
### Gift Aid Distributed to All Students, by Source 2005-2006, In Millions



### Gift Aid Distributed to Undergraduates, by Source 2005-2006, In Millions



### Gift Aid Distributed to Graduate/Professional Students, by Source



### Total Aid Distributed to All Students, by Type 2005-2006, In Millions

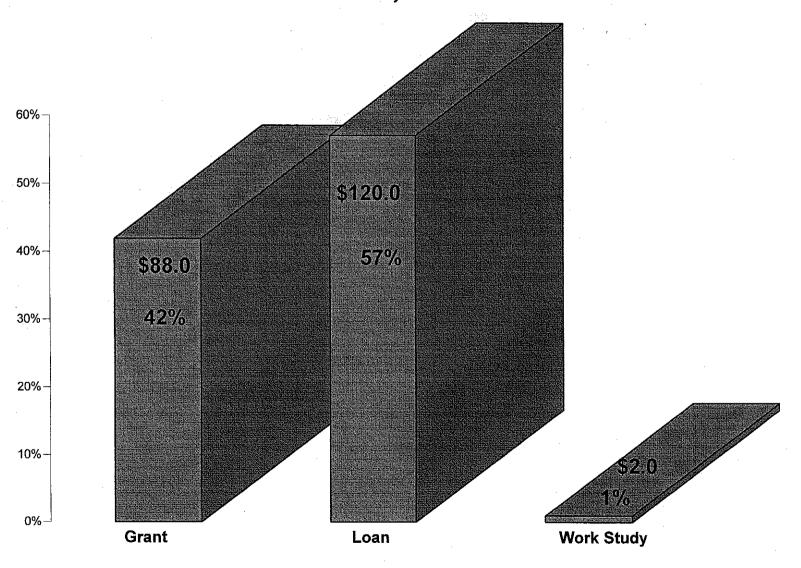
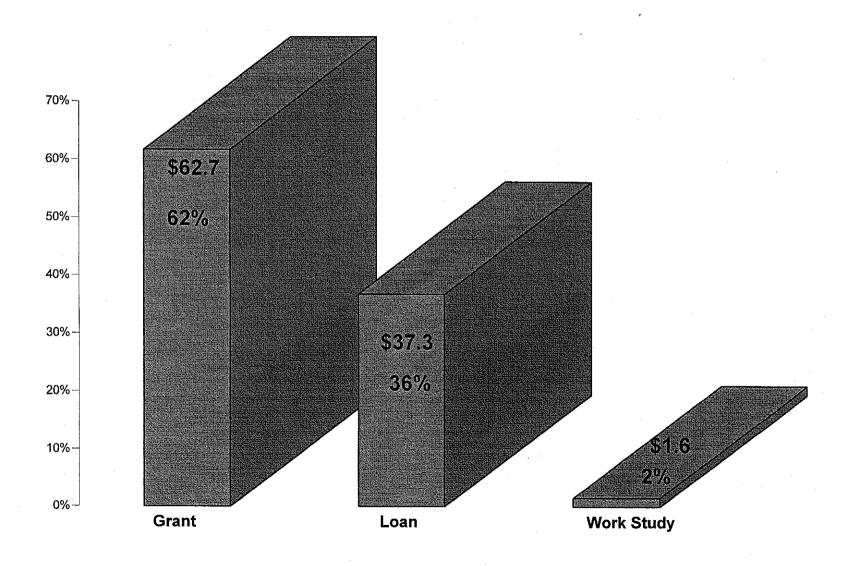


Chart 15
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment/Office of Scholarships and Student Aid February 26. 2007

### Total Aid Distributed to Undergraduate Students, by Type 2005-2006, In Millions



### Total Aid Distributed to Graduate/Professional Students, by Type 2005-2006, In Millions

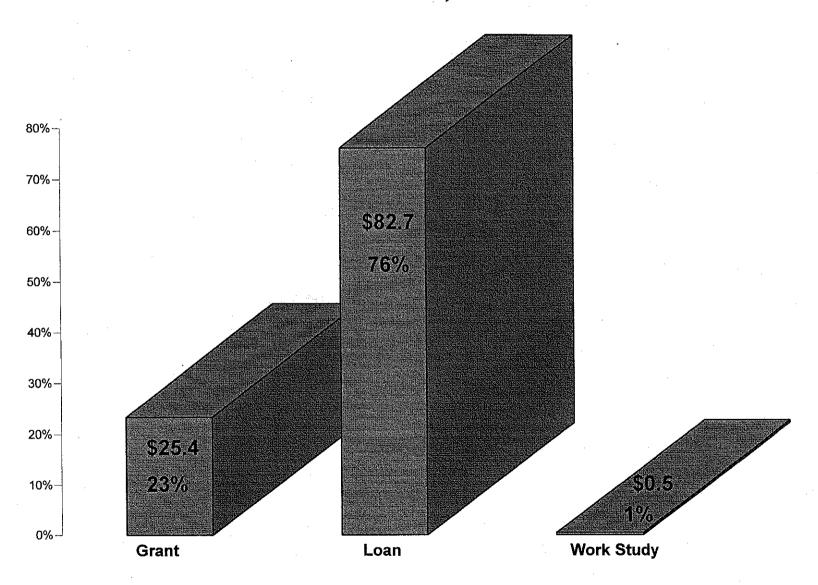
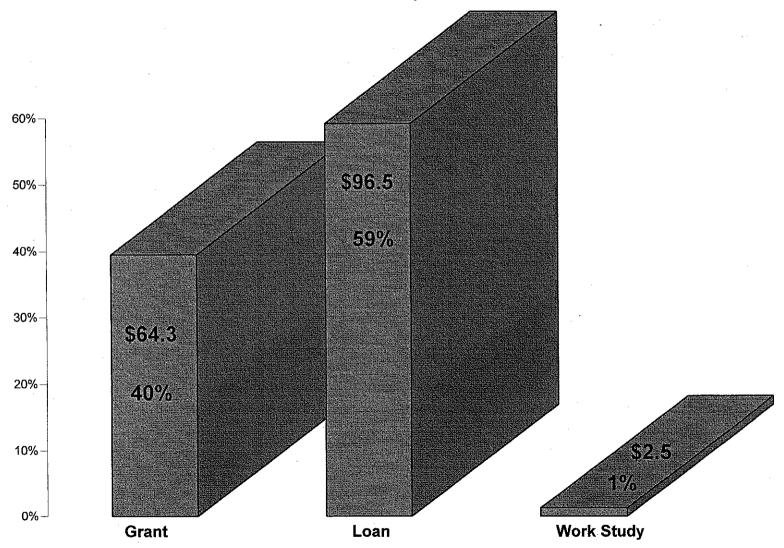


Chart 17
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment/Office of Scholarships and Student Aid February 26, 2007

### Need-Based Aid Distributed to All Students, by Type 2005-2006, In Millions



### Need-Based Aid Distributed to Undergraduate Students, by Type 2005-2006, In Millions

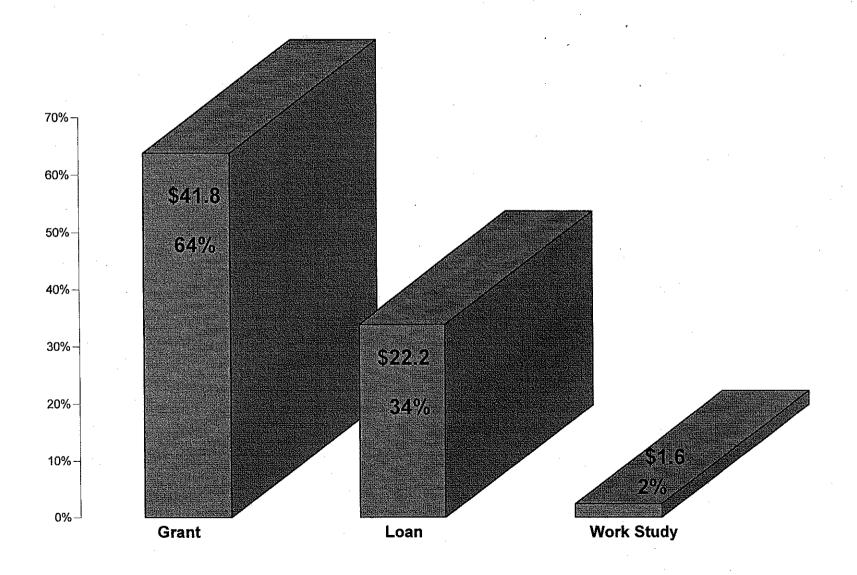
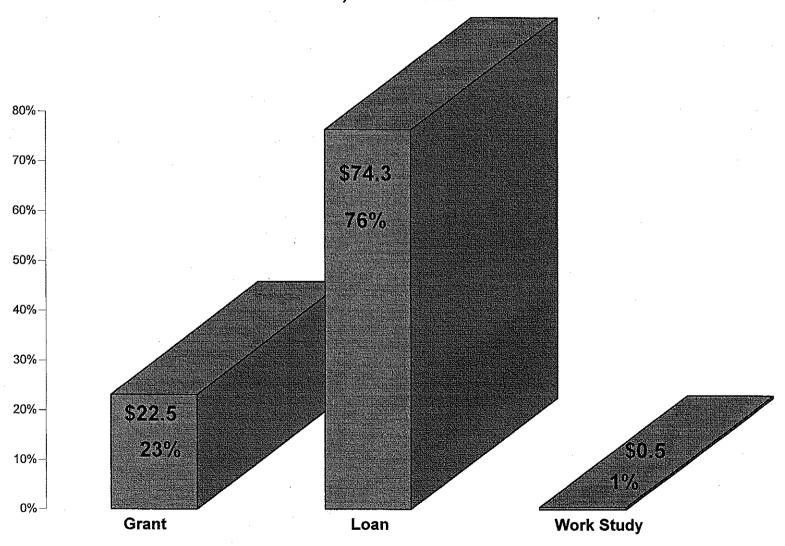


Chart 19
Office of Institutional Research and Assessment/Office of Scholarships and Student Aid
February 26, 2007

### Need-Based Aid Distributed to Graduate/Professional Students, by Type 2005-2006, In Millions



### Source Data for 2005-2006 Charts

2005-2006 UG Enrollment Students Awarded Aid Students Receiving Aid Students Not Receiving Aid	61% 60% 60%	16,764 10,008 10,008 6,756	27,276			Chart 8 Data Per Shirley Loans Grants & Scholarships Work-Study	33% 65% 2%
Students Receiving Need-Based Aid	55%	5458	11,306 <-UG Not receiving need-based aid			•	100%
Students Receiving NonNeed-Based Aid	45%	4,550		4			
	100%	.,,,,,,,,	•				
2005-2006 GR & PR Enrollment	39%	10,512	• •				
Students Awarded Aid		5,112					
Students Receiving Aid	·	5,112					
Students Not Receiving Aid	' <b> </b>	5,400	All Students Receiving Aid	15,120	100%		
Students Receiving Need-Based Aid	83%	4,245	Need-Based Aid	9,703	64%		
Students Receiving NonNeed-Based Aid	17%	867	NonNeed-Based Aid	5,417	36%		
				-,	20,0	•	
Undergraduate	61%	16,764	Ug	56%	5,458		
Graduate and Professional	39%	10,512	GR	44%	4,245		
				100%	9703		
Not Receiving Aid	40%	6,756		10010	0.00		
UG Students Receiving Aid	60%	10,008					
Need-Based Aid	55%	5458					
NonNeed-Based Aid	45%	4,550					
110)111000 Baoou7110		4,000					
Not Receiving Aid	51%	5,400					
G & P Students Receiving Aid	49%	5,112					
Need-Based Aid	83%	4,245					
NonNeed-Based Aid	17%	867				•	
,							
Gr/PR	1		UG				
Total by Source of Aid			Total by Source of Aid				
Total Federal	66%	71,507,101	Total Federal	43%	43,867,603		
Total State	7%	7,773,982	Total State	9%			
Total Private/Inst	27%	29,222,398	Total Private/Inst	48%	48,601,056		
Grand Total	100%	108,503,481	Grand Total	100%	101,579,224		
Total by Type of Aid			Total by Type of Aid				
Total Grants/Schol	23%	25,358,853	Total Grants/Schol	62%			
Total Loans	76%	82,670,785	Total Loans	37%			
Total Work Study	0%	473,843	Total Work Study	2%	, ,		
		108,503,481			101,579,224	1	

### all students

### Source Data for 2005-2006 Charts

Total by Source of Aid	Percent	u		grad	total					
Total Federal	55%		43,867,603	71,507,101	115,374,704		115.4			
Total State	8%		9,110,565	7,773,982	16,884,547		16.9			
Total Private/Inst	37%		48,601,056	29,222,398	77,823,454		77.8			
Grand Total	100%	7	01,579,224	108,503,481	210,082,705	•				
		•	* .			*				
Total by Type of Aid Total Grants/Schol	Percent	00%	00 000 10=1	05.050.050	I 00 00= 0=0	U		grad	total	
	42%		62,668,497	25,358,853			62%	23%		42%
Total Loans (incl. PLUS)	57%	ļ <u></u>	37,337,907	82,670,785	120,008,692		37%	76%		57%
Total Work Study	1%	L,	1,572,820	473,843	· ·		2%	0%	ŧ	1%
Grand Total	100%	. 1	01,579,224	108,503,481	210,082,705					
									-	
Total Federal Grant Aid	4%		8,160,633	227,805	8,388,438					
Total State Scholarships/Grants	8%		9,339,815	7,773,982	17,113,797					
Total Inst./Priv. Schol./Grants	30%	-	45,168,049	17,357,066						
Total Federal Loans (Includes Plus)	50%	-	33,904,900	70,805,453	104,710,353					
Total State Student Loans	0%		0	0	0					
Total Other Student Loans	7%	-	3,433,007	11,865,332	_					
Total Federal Work Study	1%	-	1,572,820	473,843						
Total Aid Recived	100%	1	01,579,224	,	210,082,705					
		·	_		_ (0,00=,100					
100000000000000000000000000000000000000										
2005-2006 Enrollment	27,276									
Students Awarded Aid	15,120	55%								
Students Received Aid	15,120									
					÷					
		11	g Gift aid by :	source	Grad/Prof Gift aid	hy source		Total Gift aid by s	ource	
Total Federal Grant Aid		13.0%	8,160,633	202100	227,805	0.9%		8,388,438		9.5%
Total State Scholarships/Grants		14.9%	9,339,815	•	7,773,982	30.7%		17,113,797		19.4%
Total Inst./Priv. Schol./Grants			45,168,049	•	17,357,066	68.4%		62,525,115		71.0%
	Te		62,668,497		25,358,853	22		88,027,350		. 1,1073
								- ,		

UG Needy Student Aid	Source Data	for 2005-2006 C	harts					
	Daaidaata	÷						•
	Residents Number	Avorage	Amount	Doront	Non-Residents		A	<b>5</b> .
Total Academic Year Cost	4498	Average 14,270		Percent	Number Average		Amount	Percent
Total Academic Year EFC	4498		1		960	27,959	26,840,237	
Total Academic Year Need	4498				960 960	10,593 17,323	10,169,113	
Total / toda / toda	Residents	9,204	41024903	i i i a	Non-Residents	17,323	16,630,498	n/a
	Number	Average	Amount	Percent	Number Average	ge A	Amount	Percent
Total Federal Grant Aid	2,053		6,365,733			3,389	986,253	· • - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total State Scholarships/Grants	2707			2		3,019	39,252	0.2%
Total Inst./Priv. Schol./Grants	4,150			2		12,595	11,978,394	63.7%
Total Federal Loans (Includes Plus)	2,855			<b>a</b>		7,652	4,652,187	24.7%
Total Federal Loans (Excludes Plus)	2,785			3		5,574	3,227,467	17.2%
Total Other Student Loans	220					8,090	833,300	4.4%
Total Federal Work Study	701					1,850	321,825	1.7%
Total Aid Received	4,498			100%		19,595	18,811,211	100%
	Residents		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Non-Residents		,,	
Total by Source of Aid	Number	Average	Amount	Percent	Number Averag	ne A	Amount	Percent
Total Federal	3,701	6,393	23,661,231	50.7		7,926	5,960,265	31.7
Total State	2,688					3,019	39,252	0.2
Total Private/Inst	4,181		15,917,465			13,401	12,811,694	68.1
Grand Total	4,498	10,382		100.0		19,595	18,811,211	100.0
	Residents				Non-Residents	,		.00.0
Total by Type of Aid	Number	Average	Amount	Percent	Number Average	ge A	Amount	Percent
Total Grants/Schol	4,411	6,525	28,783,726	61.6		13,617	13,003,899	69.1
Total Loans	2,872	5,802			619	8,862	5,485,487	29.2
Total Work Study	701	1,785				1,850	321,825	1.7
Grand Total	4,498	10,382	46,698,311	100.0		19,595	18,811,211	
ug			· .					
Total Federal	3,701	6,393	23,661,231	50.7	752	7,926	5,960,265	31.7
Total State	2,688	2,649		15.2		3,019	39,252	0.2
Total Private/Inst	4,181	3,807		34.1		13,401	12,811,694 \$18,811,211	68.1
Total Federal	45%		\$29,621,496				φιο,στι,ΖΙΙ	
Total State	11%		\$7,158,867					•
Total Private/Inst	44%		\$28,729,159					
Total	100%		4251.251.00					

Total Aid for All Need Eligible Students			TOTAL ugONLY	·	
Total Federal Total State Total Private/Inst	59.1% 8.8% 32.0% 100%	\$96,317,829 \$14,385,445 \$52,164,089 \$162,867,363	Total Grants/Sch Total Loans Total Work Stud	64% 34% 2%	41,787,625 22,149,077 1,572,820

alli	Type of aid	All	UĢ		Grad/prof	
	64,332,816 Total Grants		40%	64%	23%	22,545,191
	96,487,884 Total Loans		59%	34%	76%	74,338,807
	2,046,663 Total Work Stud	ŀ.	1%	2%	0%	473,843

GR needy

#### Source Data for 2005-2006 Charts

			dents			Non-R	esidents	
	« Number -	Average	Amount	Percent	Number	Average		Percent
Total Academic Year Cost	3,390	24,570	79,875,463	n/a	855	36,300	34,412,252	n/a
Total Academic Year EFC	3,390	3,753	12,202,307	n/a	855	4,013	3,804,605	n/a
Total Academic Year Need	3,390	20,793	67,596,700	n/a	855 .	32,244	30,567,227	n/a
			dents				esidents	
and the same of th	Number	Average	a Amounia	Percent	Number	Average	Amount	Percent
Total Federal Grant Aid	42	3,137	131,744	0.2		4.579	32,050	0.1
Total State Scholarships/Grants	398	8,179	3,255,204	4.6	318	12,497	3,974,174	15.1
Total Inst./Priv. Schol./Grants	3,077	3,319	10,211,269			6,223	4,940,750	18.8
Total Federal Loans (Includes Plus)	3,111	17,297	53,812,059	75.8		16,888	12,243,837	46.5
Total Federal Loans (Excludes Plus)	3,111	17,287	53,780,459	75.7	724	16,843	12,194,181	46.3
Total Other Student Loans	346	9,519	3,293,593	4.6	249	20,037	4,989,318	19.0
Total Federal Work Study	35	9,491	332,189	0.5	15	9,444	141,654	0.5
Total Aid Received	3,390	20,955	71,036,058	100%	_	30,786	26,321,783	100%
		Resid			330		esidents	10078
Total by Source of Aid	Number	Average		Percent	Number	Average		Percent
Total Federal	3,128	17,353	54,278,792	76.4	729	17,034	12,417,541	47.2
Total State	397	8,192	3,252,404	4.6	318	12,497		15.1
Total Private/Inst	3,097	4,361	13,504,862	19.0	811	1,244	3,974,174	
Grand Total	3,390	20,955	71,036,058	100.0	855	30,786	9,930,068	37.7
		Resid		100.0	033		26,321,783 esidents	100.0
Total by Type of Aid	Number	Average	Amount	Daywood	Air and a second	Average		
Total Grants/Schol	3115	4,365	13,598,217	19.1		The second secon		Percent
Total Loans	3,119	18,309	57,105,652	80:4	796	11,240	8,946,974	34.0
Total Work Study	35	9,494			732	23,543	17,233,155	65.5
Grand Total	3,390	20,955	332,189	0.5	15	9,444	141,654	0.5
	3,390	20,955	71,036,058	100.0	855	30,786	26,321,783	100.0

and the state of the last of the state of th	
Total by Source of Aid -	Percent
Total Federal	68,5%
Total State	7.4%
Total Private/Inst	24.1%
Grand Total	100.0%

66,696,333 7,226,578 23,434,930

## 2005-06 SCHOLARSHIP AND FINANCIAL AID AWARDS OFFICE OF SCHOLARSHIPS AND STUDENT AID The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

This report is a summary of all aid reported to or distributed by the Office of Scholarships and Student Aid to enrolled undergraduate, graduate, and professional students from July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006.

of Awards	Number
of Awards	Amount

## AWARDS FROM UNIVERSITY-CONTROLLED SOURCES

Carolina Scholars Awards Alice H. Richards Carolina Scholars Award Alumni Carolina Scholars Fund Blanche & Julian Robertson, Sr. Centre Holmberg Carolina Scholarship Chancellor's Carolina Scholarship Class of 1992 Carolina Scholarship Earl Smith Carolina Scholarship Award Edward Smith Family Carolina Scholarship Elbert H. Denning Carolina Scholarship Elizabeth "Pepper" Dowd Carolina Scholarship Garnett Smith Carolina Scholarship	Ashford-Ward Coll. Fellow Scholarship Bruton College Fellow Scholarship Bowles College Fellow Scholarship Calhoun College Fellow Scholarship D. G. Coker Mem. College Fellow Davis College Fellow Scholarship Ferguson College Fellow Scholarship Macon County College Fellow Scholarship Richard Coker Coll. Fellows Award Seely College Fellow Scholarship Spencer College Fellow Scholarship	Academic Undergraduate Scholarships Total (Non-Need-Based) College Fellows Awards	Whitehead Scholarships (Need-Based) Whitehead Dental Hygiene Scholarship Whitehead Dental Scholarship Whitehead Dursing Scholarship Whitehead Pharmacy Scholarship Whitehead Physical Therapy Scholarship Whitehead Public Health Scholarship	Other Distinguished Scholarships (Need-Based) Braswell Undergraduate Scholarship Caroline & Thomas Royster Scholarship Fred Morrison Scholarship Herbert & Mayme Pegg Scholarship Josephus Daniels Scholarship Marvin Smith, Jr. Scholarship William Whitaker Scholarship	Johnston Award Programs Total (Need-Based) James M. Johnston Scholarship James, M. Johnston Honor Award James M. Johnston Undergraduate Nursing Scholarship Johnston Graduate Nursing Scholarship	Scholarships/Awards
0004 <sup>00</sup> 64000	4-80-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0		သိ တ တဲ့ သိ ထိ တ	25 30 47 17 7	159 25 12 22	Awards
15 6	77	629 29	98	174	218	7,553
60,000 985,478 7,500 6,000 60,000 15,000	70,000 2,500 20,000 5,000 5,000 7,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 10,000 5,000 5,000 5,000		16,000 45,000 40,000 45,000 25,000 34,999	85,900 144,770 156,018 90,719 65,948 49,000 102,071	1,008,774 24,500 87,475 158,000	
1,541,478.00	563,073.00	77,500.00		•		
		\$5,448,552	\$205,999	\$694,426	\$1,278,749	\$32,651,459

Student Stores Scholarship University Trademark Scholarships University Trademark Grant University Trademark Scholarship	North Carolina Scholarships North Carolina Scholarship Student Stores Scholarships Student Stores Grant	Escheats Grant Escheats Scholarship Minority Presence Scholarships Minority Presence Scholarship-I Minority Presence Scholarship II	General Undergraduate Scholarships Total (Need-Based) Escheats Scholarships	Morrison College Fellow Scholarship Randall C. Berg Scholarship Trademark Merit University Trademark Academic Scholarship University Trademark Merit Scholarship W. Richard Peterson Memorial Scholarship	James R. Copland Scholarship John Preiss Neal Memorial Scholarship Josh Dormagen Old Well Scholar Killian Family Old Well Scholars Memorial Scholars	Coker-Fox Scholarship Donald M. Jacobs Scholarship Dr. Karley R. Varney Scholarship Fred N. Kahn Old Well Scholars General Allumit Association Scholarship	Ben Robinette Old Well Scholar Chewning-Wells Scholarship Class of 1986 College Fellows	W. Noger Colors Calonia Scholars Robertson Scholars Program William R. Davie Scholarships Herbert W. Jackson Scholarships Other Academic Scholarships Adam Geer Scholarship	Whitaker Carolina Scholars Fund William Lamont , Jr Carolina Scholar William S. Jones Carolina Scholarship Winstead Carolina Scholar Award Woodruff Carolina Scholar Award W Bones Soles Carolina Scholar	Shuford Carolina Scholars Shuford Carolina Scholars Stallings Carolina Scholarship Sue & Wilson Cooper Scholarship Taylor Williams Carolina Scholarship	RBC Centura Carolina Scholars Award Robertson Carolina Scholarship John Roughton Carolina Scholarship Scott Carolina Scholar Award Carolina Scholar Award	Kevin Reichardt Carolina Scholarship Louis C. Stephens Carolina Scholars Mary Adams Stephens Carolina Scholars Maryland Carolina Scholarship Morisev-Dayvault-Slater Car Scholars	Hobbs Old Well  J. Harold Smith Carolina Scholarship  John G. B. Ellison Carolina Scholarship  Jordan Carolina Scholars Award	Gov. James & Dottie Martin Carolina Scholarship Haywood & Frances Cochrane Carolina Scholars Award Hinkle Carolina Scholar Award	
157	274	୦୦ ୦୦		30 1.77 1.77		<del>2</del> <del>2</del>	2200	132 0 142	A 01 01 01	o ω ユ ユ ユ -	· N	<u>.</u>	∞ <del></del> N	N	of Awards
299	274 0	. 98	1,929 12					65 132 14 156							ds
684,081 439,520	631,781	8,327 4,563 138,030		40,000 14,254 375,000 17,500 217,500 1,000	16,000 49,300 10,000 2,500	68,000 25,000 1,836 2,500	5,000 5,000	1,537,361 825,750 35,000	7,500 7,500 15,000 45,000 7,500	7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 22,500	7,500 7,500 7,500 15,000	15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000	2,500 15,000 7,500	7,500 7,500 15,000	
1,123,601.00	631,781.00	138,030.00	12,890.00	·				1,537,361.00 825,750.00 35,000.00 868,390.00							of Awards
			\$4,838,039	·			٠.								

Columbia S.C. Carolina Club Scholarship Conditional Spring Scholarship Cornelius Cathey Scholarship Dalisy M. Edmister Scholarship Dallas/Fort Worth Carolina Club David and Alma Corbitt Scholarship David & Eliazbeth Reese Ward David & Martha Edwards Scholarship	Christopher Quackenbush Memorial Scholarship Clarence Lamb Scholarship Class of 1913 Scholarship Class of 1925 Scholarship (Renewal) Class of 1925 Scholarship Class of 1925 Scholarship Class of 1986 Scholarship Class of 1992 Carolina Scholarship Claude Sutton Scholarship Clyde & Rufus Stutts Scholarship Col. Faucette Scholarship Col. J. E. Morris Scholarship	Carolina Scholarship Carolina Card Scholarship Carolina Fund Scholarship Carolina Fund Scholarship (Renewal) Carolina Fund Scholarship Carolina Student Fund Scholarship Catherine and Joseph Messick Scholarship Charles Harrison Ray Scholarship Charles S. King Scholarship Charlet & Dabney White Scholarship Chi Omega Scholarship	Benjamin & Mark Rodin Scholarship Bill Guthridge Scholarship Blue Ridge Carolina Club Scholarship Boone - Waynick Scholarship Boston Area Carolina Club Scholarship Bradley R. King Scholarship Bradley R. King Scholarship C. H. Morrison Scholarship C. H. Morrison Scholarship C. Knox Massey Scholarship Cabarrus Rowan Carolina Club Scholarship Carol Mathews Peeler Student Teacher Scholarship Carole & Scholarship	Anita Buch Scholarship Anna Maria Poulos Scholarship Anne & Sidney Meyers Scholarship Archie Christopher Scholarship ARW Foundation Scholarship Atlanta Carolina Club Scholarship Audrey Booth Scholarship Bahr Scholarship Bahr Scholarship Baker, Lewis, Moody Scholarship Barry Baker Scholarship Bay and Muse McCotter Scholarship Becton Tannenbaum Scholarship	Employee-Dependent Scholarships Employee-Spouse-Dependent Scholarship Employee Assistance Scholarship Other General Scholarships A. G. Glenn Memorial Scholarship Advertising Women of New York Albert L. Herring Scholarship Alfred Starling Scholarship Allard Lowenstein Scholarship Alston-Pleasants Scholarship Alton L. Bland Scholarship Alton L. Bland Scholarship
6 7 7 7 8 8 0 0	- N - N - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	πο→→ <del>3</del> 1	→ N Q Q → → N Q Q N W → →	Number of Awards 90 8 1,156 4 1
1,080 3,734 500 7,492 7,500 11,138	1,500 1,000 3,510 4,208 8,440 1,428 1,000 14,171 5,250 755 1,500	950 950 200 2,220 2,590 1,000 2,500 1,100 4,520 8,000	4,200 2,000 3,100 1,000 1,500 29,255 27,944 500 2,038	2,000 1,000 13,660 3,520 2,500 4,000 2,110 1,550 6,580 14,440 1,500	24,255 579,273 7,440 17,180 1,400 2,500 33,830
					Amount of Awards 603,528.00 2,328,209.00
			-		

Harriett Morrison Scholarship Harry Davis Fund Scholarship Hattle R. Wall Scholarship	Gustavo A, Fernandez Cuban Sch Gustavo A, Fernandez Cuban Sch Guy B. Phillips Scholarship H. Allen Gant II Scholarship H. D. Strickland Scholarship Hampton Roads Carolina Club Scholarship Larictt Marks Scholarship	Gimghoul Scholarship Grail-Valkyries Scholarship Grail-Valkyries Scholarship Grandfather Mtn. Club Scholarship	Gattier County Scholarship Gaston County Carolina Club Scholarship General Scholarship George Graham Scholarship George J. Koch Scholarship George N. Toms Scholarship	Fairned County Ct. Carolina Club Scholarship Fearrington Village Carolina Club Scholarship Fletcher Industries Scholarship Forsyth Carolina Club Scholarship Francis E. Hill Scholarship Francis J. Smith Scholarship Frank S. Austell Memorial Scholarship Frank S. Austell Memorial Scholarship Frad B. James Scholarship Fred B. James Scholarship Fred G. Patterson Scholarship Fred N. Kahn Scholarship	Eli T. Ullum Expendable Scholarship Elmer & Doris Petree Scholarship Elton B. Shore Scholarship Endowed Scholarship England Carolina Club Scholarship Eric & Patricia Fast Scholarship Erik & Phyllis Larson Scholarship Esphur E. Foster Scholarship Eugene T. Barwick Scholarship Eugene T. Barwick Scholarship E. G. Awalt Scholarship	Edmond T. & Edwin L. Glenn Scholarship Edna M. Smith Scholarship Edward and Doris Patterson Schol Edward G. Pringle Expendable Scholarship Edwin Lanier Scholarship Edythe/Kenneth Margerison Scholarship Elbert H. Denning Scholarship Elizabeth Jordan Scholarship Elizabeth Jordan Scholarship	Dr. A.P. & F. Dickson Scholarship Dr. Joseph R. Blair Scholarship Dr. Paul H. Wright Scholarship Dr. Philip & Betsey Davis Scholarship Dr. Worth Daniels Scholarship Dr. Worth Daniels Scholarship E. Cecil Longest Scholarship E. Russell White Scholarship E. Russell White Scholarship	David C. Garvin Scholarship David L. Stern Scholarship Dean Edwards Smith Scholar Development Foundation Scholarship Donald F. Ray Scholarship Donald White Memorial Scholarship Dot Ridenhour Royal Scholarship	
ച <b>1</b> 0 0	· ·	7110	ωω <b>→</b> ο ο ο	0 ~ ~ 4 0 ~ 0 0 0 ~ ~ 0 0	ω <u>-</u> το ω Γ - 4 - ο ο	<b>0 0 0 0</b>	0 1 2 2 2 2 0 7 2 3 1	of Awards 3 0 0 2	Number
4,680 24,313 1,000	3,250 2,500	10,000 16,938	750 4,390 6,554	1,000 2,210 500 6,970 8,750 1,000 1,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 1,200 600	4,231 2,500 7,950 320 12,500 8,220 8,220 5,326 1,000	1,450 11,000 300 3,020 200 200 100 1,460 14,288	1,300 4,160 2,500 172,261 19,559 7,474 3,910 2,000	of Awards 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000	Amount

0	of Awards	Number	
	of Awards	Amount	

Lottice & Marvin Boykin Scholarship Lottie & Marvin Boykin Scholarship Louis & Betsy West Scholarship Louisville Carolina Club Scholarship Lucius P. & Evelyn C. Best Scholarship Luke & Vivian Stevens Scholarship Malcolm M. Oates Scholarship Margaret Burgwyn Scholarship Margaret & Eugene Lear Scholarship Margaret T. King Scholarship Margaret T. Moses Scholarship Martha & Varina Mason Scholarship Martin L. King, Jr. Scholarship Marvin & Inez Stacy Scholarship	S. sgrosso S. sgrosso Currie Scho Currie Scho Currie Scho Silbert Sch Silbert Scho Sivens Scho Sivens Scho Graham Sc rady Schol Irenn Scho Iren	Henry Spears Scholarship Herring Scholarship (Renewal) Holderness/Elmore Schol. Horace M. Dehart Scholarship Ira Douglas Potter Scholarship Jack & Grace Silvers Scholarship Jackson B. Hunt Scholarship James & Mary Bryan Scholarship James & Wicker Scholarship James Everhart Scholarship James H. Maguire Scholarship James H. Maguire Scholarship James William Pless Class of 45 Scholarship James Waldo & Julia Hendren Scholarship Jamet Waldo & Julia Hendren Scholarship Jesse Gatlin, Jr. Scholarship Jesse Wayne Evans Scholarship Joan & Stanley Fox Scholarship Joan & Stanley Fox Scholarship Joan S. Smith 43' Scholarship Joan B. Sgrosso Scholarship	Hearst Foundation Scholarship Helen & William Morris Scholarship Helen H. Hooper Scholarship Henry Branch Scholarship
27 56,025 6 11,278 12 40,626 0 22,850 1 600 1 750 1 750 1 1,300 6 4,558 1 1,500 14 27,482	1 1,000 4 6,749 2 2,920 1 650 1 1,530 4 11,530 3 4,700 6 12,580 1 2,250 2 3,500 0 18,665 1 1 2,270 7 8,170 0 15,076 4 6,380 1 7,510		0 0 3 6,808

Robert G. Davis Scholarship Robert G. S. Davis Scholarship Robert P. Miller, Jr. Scholarship Robert S. Morris Scholarship Robert W. Eaves Scholarship Robert W. Long, Jr. Scholarship	Richard G. Farmer Scholarship Richmond Carolina Club Robert A. Rapp Scholarship	Rhode Island Carolina Club Richard Brooke Scholarship	Ralph B. Garrison Scholarship Rave & Thurman Stallinos Scholarship	Purolator Scholarship  R G S Davis Scholarship (Renewal)	Presiey Scholarship  Presiey Scholarship  Proet Sound Carolina Club Scholarship	Pine Tree Scholarship  Bitt County Carolina Club Scholarship	Perry Morrison Scholarship Philin & Kay Kannan Scholarship	Pearson Scholarship Peat-Marwick-Mitchell Scholarship	Paul Harrell, Jr. Scholarship Pearl L. Cavin Scholarship	Page-Parker Pamily Scholarship Patsy Sifford Scholarship	Pacific West Cancer Scholarship	Oscar C. Vatz Scholarship Oscar Rand Scholarship	Orlando UNC Alumni Scholarship	Orange County Carolina Club	Olive Greenward Scholarship Oliver & Billie Alphin Scholarship	Olin & Katherine B. Mouzon Memorial	Norton/Chappell Scholarship O'Grady & Fletcher Family Scholarship	Nicholson-Class of 1959 Scholarship Nims Scholarship	New York-Richard Jenrette Scholarship	Nelson & Leigh Eddy Scholarship	Mr. & Mrs. W. Y. Farrell Scholarship  Neal Stevens Scholarship	Mr. & Mrs. Edgar Farrell Scholarship	Mitchell Family Scholarship	Mildred McCaskill Scholarship Mitchell & Laura Ingram Scholarship	Michael Hooker Memorial Fund Michael J. Peterson Scholarship	Mewborne Scholarship	Metron E Simons Scholarship	Mecklenburg Carolina Club Scholarship Meisenheimer Scholarship	McIntosh Scholarship	Max & Eva Griffin Scholarship	Massey Scholarship (Renewal) Mauice V. Polk Scholarship	Mary Townsend Parker Scholarship	Mary S. Speight Scholarship	Mary K. Brown Scholarship	Mary & Maurice Julian Scholarship	
- 2 N - 4 N	) <u> </u>	თ →	N N 1	N ·	<b>-</b>	·	1 2	0 2	0 118	N N	, 0	4 <b>-</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	2 -	<b>→</b> C1 •	- 0	14	001	52 2		24.4	n -	ယ ယ	<b>→</b> ‡	· N	<u> </u>	Nω	ı <u> </u>	٠	<b>→</b> †0	NC	1.4 ¢	<b>\</b> 2 →	7	Number of Awards
3,200 8,168 3,000 24,758 2,100 1,200	500 500	500 67,795	5,080 5,840	2.000	5,000 500	2,310	2,250 1,500	3,170	174,374	3,500	3 8800	380 9,540	500	500	4,802	5,208 3,500	· 9.000	4,800 16,075		126,881 4.000	1,750 1,500	7,280	5,000	3,645 2,120	1,650	6,260	1,500	3,000 6,000	1,600	1,500 1,500	8,275 1,500	3,000	7,878	1,120	18,200	Amount of Awards

<b>.</b>	Number of Awards
800 725	Amount of Awards

samoon mognany mono contomondo	Wilkes-Alleghany-Ashe Scholarship	Wesley L. Mckeithan Memorial Scholarship	Weil Teachers Scholarship	Wayne County Carolina Club Scholarship	Washington DC Carolina Club Scholarship Washing & Ida Rowman Scholarship	Wanda Chappell Scholarship	Walter W. King Scholarship	Walter James Ratchford Sr Memorial	Wake County Carolina Club	W. M. & H. R. Horne Scholarship	Von Pelt Foundation Scholarship		University Women's Club Scholarship  V. & E. Campbell Scholarship		Turrentine Science Scholarship	Tri-Cities UNC Alumni Scholarship	Thompson Composition Award	Thomas S. Kittrell Scholarship	Thomas & Lorena Copple Scholarship	Thomas & Kate Fonville Scholarship	The Morrison Scholarship Fund	The Benevia Scholarship	Tampa Bay Carolina Club Scholarship		Suzi D Holdaway Memorial Scholarship		Susan Wallace Scholarship	Student General Assistance-Grt	Strickland Scholarship	Stonewall Jackson Scholarship	Sternberger Undergraduate Scholarship	~	Steinhauer-Mullins Scholarship	Spike Saunders Scholarship	Spainhour Scholarship (Renewal)	Sonia Stone Scholarship	Salomon Weil Scholarship		Shirley Smith Roberts Scholarship	Sheraton Chanel Hill Music Scholarshin	SGA Turrentine	Scripps-Howard Fdn. Scholarship	Ram & Mon, Bormon Scholarship		Royster Graduate Scholarship	Roy Armstrong Scholarship	Rose & Louis Kither Scholarship	Ronald R. Bagwell Scholarship	Ronald B. Goodman Scholarship	Roger & Linda Perry Scholarship		
	_ <		. 0		8	_	<b>ග</b> _	<b>.</b> _	22 4	47 47	ı	<b>→</b> .	<u> </u>	۰ ۵	ı>	0 -	· 0	<u> م</u>	7 0	ယ	O1 -	ب د			2 4	۰ ۵	· ·	<b>ວ</b> ທ	0	6 1	4 c	. 4.		<b>`</b>	2 -	400	vω		<b>N</b> I	N (4	n →	-		.ω	<b></b>	on ~	<b>7</b> 0	πN				
			•			,						-				•		:																																		
	500	1,310	, ,	1,500	1,000	6,000	7,505	1,000	1,000	4,180 85 948		1,890	1,600	3 000	732	1,000	600	2,420	12,160	5,180	5,828	3,000 3,000	3	,	1,200	3 500	2,500	2,130		9,710	11,820 3 060	3,400	61,018	3,100	2,000	30.000	740	4,800	5,010	1.900	876	<del>,</del>	1 110	3,610	10,000	10,865	15.254	1,530 0,630	1,500	4,890	800 725	

Troy Smith Undergraduate Business Scholarship Undergraduate Business Scholarship William G. Daughtridge, Jr. Study Abroad Winslow Business Scholarship W. M. Rawls Business Scholarship W. R. Ludwick Business Scholarship Chemistry Chemistry Undergraduate Scholarship Chemistry Undergraduate Scholarship R. Davis Chemistry Scholarship R. Davis Chemistry Scholarship Computer Science Charles Dunham (Computer Science) Scholarship Clinical Laboratory Science Louise Ward Scholarship (Clinical Lab Science) 3	demic business scholarship cholars Award sholars Award sholars Award sholars Award sholars Award sholarship susiness Scholarship Memorial Scholarship shill Study Abroad sllaw Business Scholarship siness Scholarship ss Scholarship ss Scholarship sholarship	ship  arships Total (Primarily Non-Need-Based arship arship arship cholarship cholarship	d-Based)	William & Carolyn Waddell Scholarship William Bowman Scholarship William Cochrane Scholarship William I. Witkin Scholarship William J. Hogan Scholarship William J. & Mary F. Blair Scholarship William M. Geer Scholarship William P. Miller Scholarship William Way, Jr. Scholarship Winkler Memorial Scholarship Winkler Scholarship (Renewal) Witkin Scholarship (Renewal) Witkin Scholarship (Renewal)
4 ο ω		<b>342</b> 6 76	78	
6,750 6,000 6,000	17,572 4,000 1,000 28,400 5,800	5,000 4,000 1,200 600 5,000	12,500 5,006 1,200 447,000 4,500 1,000 2,500 400	1,100 6,110 12,380 1,000 14,380 3,090 5,520 50,110 1,732 88,499
7,250.00 0.00 6,000.00		5,800.00 84,872.00		
		\$593,024	\$534,106	

Fletcher Fdn. Music Scholarship Hamrick Band Scholarship James M. Barham Scholarship Janet and Newton FISC Orchestra Scholarship Kay Kyser Undergraduate Jazz Scholarship Lisa Fields Scholarship Music Scholarship Paisley Scott Music Scholarship Sigma Alpha Iota Music Scholarship Thomas Kenan III Vocal Performance Tony Mcdowell Schol-Vocal Performance UNC Band Scholarship Village Orchestra Music Scholarship Vollmer Music Scholarship Vollmer Music Scholarship Vollmer Music Scholarship Afrecan Nursing Scholarship Alexandra Beebe BSN Class of '74 Scholarship Alice Leora Waalkes Scholarship Ann P. Trowbridge Nursing Scholarship Burlington Ind. Nursing Scholarship Carol Blackwell Nursing Scholarship Cora Pitts Barbee Scholarship Frances Ader Read Nursing Scholarship Gilreath Nursing Scholarship	Douglas Sessoms Scholarship K. Bryant Recreation Scholarship Mathematics Lottie Wilson Scholarship Music Adler Scholarship in Music Scholarship Benjamin Swalin Orchestra Scholarship Benjamin Swalin Orchestra Scholarship Dowd Music Scholarship Eric Schwarz Music Scholarship Fischer Music Scholarship	English Thomas Wolfe Scholarship Geology Op White Memorial Scholarship History Chair of History Scholarship Nixon History Scholarship International Studies Eli T. Ullum Scholarship (International Studies) Journalism Journalism Scholarship Quincy S. Mills Scholarship	Adler Scholarship-Dramatic Art Andy & Cindi Griffith Scholarship Frederick Koch Scholarship George Grizzard Scholarship Joseph D. Feldman Scholarship Laura Jewell Dobbins Scholarship Louise Lamont Endowment Paul & Elizabeth Green Scholarship Rains Scholarship-Dramatic Art Selden Memorial Scholarship Strudwick Scholarship Wes Egan Scholarship Education Charles S. Templeton Scholarship Frank R. Comfort Scholarship School of Education Scholarship	
30	110 0 116 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	54 2 1 1 4 4 59 2 2 1 1 4	25	Number of Awards
10,750 6,500 2,000 1,250 8,250 1,000 750 4,000 1,000 3,000 3,000 3,250 14,000 3,250 1,560 2,000 2,000 3,300 2,000 5,650	2,000 1 4,675 6,250 1,000 24,500 8,650 8,225	100,916 300 15,477 1,800 3,750 191,500	3,300 5,250 2,800 8,478 3,000 4,000 1,700 23,354 3,205	
73,472.00	2,000.00 130,800.00	100,916.00 300.00 17,277.00 3,750.00 104,000.00	28,528.00	Amount of Awards

Louis Law Scholarship M. & W. Johnson Law Scholarship Martin Law Scholarship Moore & Van Allen Law Scholarship Mumma Family Scholarship Nancy Rhoden Law Scholarship Naomi Morris Law Scholarship Perry and Seipp Scholarship Peter Daniel Memorial Scholarship Porter CSP Law Scholarship Robert Byrd Law Scholarship	Hai Broadfoot Law Scholarship Hunton & Williams Law Scholarship Ivey Law Scholarship James Davis Law Judge Hedrick Law Scholarship Kenan Law Scholarship Kirby Law Scholarship Law Alumni Scholarship Law Minority Fellowship Law School Grant Leonard Law Scholarship	D. & E. Cooke Law Scholarship Dameron Law Scholarship Dixie Atwater Law Scholarship Ellis Meehan Law Scholarship Everett Law Scholarship Fleishman-Boyette Law Scholarship Frank Taylor Law Scholarship Franklin Dupree Law Scholarship Goudes Law Scholarship Goudes Law Scholarship	Albert Ellis Law Scholarship Augustus Raymer Law Scholarship Aycock-Poe Law Scholarship Barry Brown Law Scholarship Bennett Law Scholarship Brandis Law Scholarship Charles Mangum Law Scholarship Christy Deal Law Scholarship Clarkson Family Scholarship Class of 2000 Endowed Scholarship Cowell Family Scholarship CS Law Tuition Fund	Graduate and Professional School Scholarships Total Dentistry Dental Scholarship Dental School Scholarship Student Stores Dental Scholarship Journalism Jomc Graduate Tuition Grant Law Alala Law Scholarship Alan Berman Law Scholarship	Helen Fuld Scholarship Martha H. Windham Scholarship Mona Currie Nursing Scholarship Monroe Nursing Scholarship Nursing Undergraduate Scholars Speech Lucia Morgan Scholarship Study Abroad Ebersole Endowment Summer Seville Awards
; 	_00000-0-40-	044	° 4 4 4 0 0 0 4 4 0	1,322 28 28 0 0 0 0 0 440	0044000
5,000 52,000 1,000 10,000 2,250 4,000 8,000 5,000 2,500 10,000 2,500	34,791 15,000 24,000 5,000 13,600 2,000 42,000 8,000 11,318	20,000 9,200 3,500 1,400 2,000 11,000 2,500 4,500 16,000	28,000 31,500 1,600 3,500 6,000 5,000 1,000 1,000 2,200 1,400 339,750	341,000 341,000 3,400	3,682 11,000 2,500 2,500
				341,000.00 0.00 1,347,370.00	1,500.00
				\$4,884,748	

	2,426 30,772 174,429 3,100 13,737 4,830 96,800 50,000 5,000 6,000 3,100 6,000 5,000 6,000 225,000 5,500 5,500 6,500 331,200 8,000 82,920 1,104,843 92,250 2,188	1 2 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Berryhill-Medical Scholarship Braswell Medical Scholarship Braxton Medical Scholarship Brawn Medical Scholarship Charles H. Burnett Med. Scholarship Charles H. Burnett Med. Scholarship Charles Mangum Medical Scholarship Class of 1972 Medical Scholarship Clifford Wheeless Medical Scholarship Dr. I. Taylor Medical Scholarship Dr. Eli Saleeby Medical Scholarship Dr. William Hall Medical Scholarship Edwards-Hobgood Merit Scholarship Edwards-Hobgood Merit Scholarship Edwards-Hobgood Medical Scholarship Edwards-Hobgood Medical Scholarship Eubanks Medical Scholarship Farrell Medical Scholarship Guifford-NCMH Medical Scholarship Guifford-NCMH Medical Scholarship Gutterman Scholarship Gutterman Scholarship John Idol Medical Scholarship McLeod & Medical Scholarship McKee Medical Scholarship McKee Medical Scholarship McKee Medical Scholarship Medical Foundation Scholarship Medical Scholarship Medical Scholarship Medical Scholarship Medical Scholarship Medical Scholarship Medical Foundation Scholarship Medical Foundation Scholarship Medical Scholarship Medical Scholarship Medical Scholarship Medical Scholarship
2,747,798.00	7,500 3,500 6,800 13,500 5,000 3,000 1,500 5,000 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500	6663	Robert Dearborn Law Scholarship Rosenstein Family Scholarship Rouse Memorial Law Scholarship Ruffy Law Scholarship Stacy Law Scholarship Student Stores Law Scholarship Thornton Brooks Law Scholarship Travis Brown Law Scholarship Travis Brown Law Scholarship Truition Refund Scholarship Twentieth District Bar Scholarship University Law Fund Van Hecke Law Scholarship Wallace Grey Law Scholarship Well Law Scholarship Well Law Scholarship Well Law Scholarship Whedbee Law Scholarship Whedbee Law Scholarship Whichard Law Scholarship Whichard Law Scholarship Adam Thorp Medical Scholarship Adam Thorp Medical Scholarship Barrett-1934 Medical Scholarship

	of Awa	vards		of Awards	
Pope Medical Loan	0	-		-	
Privette Medical Scholarship	0				
Riggins Medical Scholarship	<u>~</u> (		3,100		
Robert E. Smith Med. Scholarship					
Sarah Kenan Medical Scholarship	129		342,415		
Student Stores Medical Scholarship	000				
Tayloe Medical Scholarship Thomas Dark Medical Scholarship	≅ 0		43,800		
Thomas Sumner Medical Scholarship	0		1		
W. Reece Berryhill Med. Scholarship W.K. Kellog Medical Loan	0 2		5,763		
Weinstein Medical Scholarship	0	-	) ) )		
Whitehead Clinical Lab. Scholarship Whitehead Medical Scholarship	သိတ်		3,000 52.250		
Wilder Medical Scholarship	20		63,032		
William H. Davis Scholarship	· -		5,000		
William Orr Medical Scholarship William T. Turlington Med Scholarship	<b>ο</b> ω	•	8,736		
Minority Presence Graduate Scholarships	ı	28	) [	21,310.00	
Minority Presence Dental Scholarship	21 ~		17,600		
Minority Presence Medical Scholarship Minority Presence Law Scholarship	00				
Nursing Brummett/Kemble Scholarship	0	. 0		0.00	
Elizabeth S. Carrington Scholarship Graduate Student Scholarship	00				
The Glaxo Fellowship	00			÷	
Joanne A. Sandergaard Endowment Scholarship	00	•			
Lunsford Richardson Scholarship	0 0				
Thomas L. & Jane S. Norris Scholarship	00	·	÷	3	
Dept. Of Nutrition Scholarship	0				
Occupational Therapy Occ. Therapy Recruitment Award	0	. •		0.00	
Pharmacy Furbanks Pharmacy Scholarshin	_	148	1 200	323,750.00	
Pharmacy Need Caballanthip	129		233,550		-
Physical Therapy  Scholarship	> ā	10		98,125.00	
MPT Scholarship	ħω		13,500		
Sande MPT Scholarship	<b>1</b> 5		37,000		
Public Health Blee - Hay Scholarship	<b>-</b>		1,000	00.00	
Social Work	ა	4	a n N	4,395.00	
Annie K. Bost Scholarship Carrie Schwenning Scholarship	ين شد	,	3,545 750		
Student Counseling Focus Scholarship	0	. 0		0.00	
raduate/Professional Awards Total (Please note that these finds do NOT include all graduate awards )		2,343	-		\$10,080,985
Departmental Private Scholarship Graduate Fellowship	310 314		447,118 1,922,156	447,118.00 1,922,156.00	
Graduate Scholarship/Grant Graduate Traineeship	0 245		1,851,927	0.00 1,851,927.00	•
Graduate i ultion & ree rayment	1,433		3,001,704	0,001,704.00	
Tuition Grant-Dental School	41		208,000	208,000.00	

0.00 0.00 0.00		Federal Funds Total  Health Professional Scholarships Total  Dental Scholarships  EFN Dental Scholarship  Health Professions Dental Scholarship  SDS Dental Scholarship  Public Health  SDS Public Health Scholarship  Medicine  SDS Medical Scholarship after 98/99
0.00 \$0		Health Professional Scholarships Total Dental Scholarships EFN Dental Scholarship Health Professions Dental Scholarship SDS Dental Scholarship Public Health SDS Public Health SDS Public Health Scholarship
0.00 0.00	000	Health Professional Scholarships Total Dental Scholarships EFN Dental Scholarship Health Professions Dental Scholarship SDS Dental Scholarship Public Health
0.00	000	ederal Funds Total  Health Professional Scholarships Total  Dental Scholarships  EFN Dental Scholarship  Health Professions Dental Scholarship  SDS Dental Scholarship
0.00 \$ <b>0</b>	00	ederal Funds Total  Health Professional Scholarships Total  Dental Scholarships  EFN Dental Scholarship  Health Professions Dental Scholarship
0.00 \$ <b>0</b>	0	ederal Funds Total  Health Professional Scholarships Total  Dental Scholarships  EFN Dental Scholarship
0.00 <b>\$0</b>	00	ederal Funds Total  Health Professional Scholarships Total  Dental Scholarships
\$0	0	ederal Funds Total  Health Professional Scholarships Total
		ederal Funds Total Andrew Comments of the Comm
)OO	2/ 42,900	Partial Fultion Reduction
389	N	
570	312 3,833,370	Graduate Tuition Remission 3:
72		Employee Tuition/Fee Waiver
\$4,092,831	363	Tuition/Remission/Waivers Total
Amount of Awards	Number of Awards	

#### Grants

\$35,590,110			15,568		Total Grants
		943,205		486	Federal Supplemental Grant
	943,205.00		486		Supplemental Grants
	6,119,224 6,119,224.00	6,119,224	2,277	2,277	Pell Grants
\$7,062,429			2,763		Federal Eunos Total
	22,000.00	22,000	Ų,	<b>υ</b> π	State General Fund Grant
	648,013.00	648,013	204	204	N.C. School of Science and Math Awards
-	5,527,679.00	5,527,679	2,797	2,797	UNC Need-based Scholarships
\$6,197,692			2,797		State Funds Total
			olarships)	eral Undergraduate Scho	Student Stores (see Joseph T. Pogue and General Undergraduate Scholarships
	6,478,013 6,478,013.00	6,478,013	480	480	Athletic Grant-In-Aid
			•		University Fund Grant
		12,167		. 9	Undergraduate Grant
		15,687,339		9,232	Tuition Grant
		70,485		37	General Fund Grant
	15,769,991.00		9,278	٠	Tuition Enhancement Grants
		81,985	-	41	Native American Incentive Scholarship
				0	Native American Incentive Grant- Graduate
	81,985.00		4		Native American Grants
\$22,329,989			9,799		University Funds Total

#### Work-Study

America Reads Work Study Jobs	ဒ္	56,665	56,665.00
Community Service Jobs	21	34,379	34,379.00
Covenant Summer Work Study	94	58,333	58,333.00
Federal Amer. Reads Work Study	ω	1,780	1,780.00
Federal Amer. Reads Work Study- Covenant	7	10,157	10,157.00
Federal Community Service Work Study	<b></b>	481	481.00
Federal Community Service Work Study- Covenant	⇉	14,584	14,584.00
Federal Work Study (Covenant)	259	377,871	377,871.00
Graduate Assistants	51	473,843	473,843.00
On-Campus Jobs	622	_	1,018,570.00

Total Work-Study

1,100

\$2,046,663

	of Awards	Number
-	of Awards	Amount

11	
ю	
155	
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IO	

12,725  12,725  \$6,778,257  8,076,510 8,076,510.00 \$8,076,510 701,747.00 \$701,747  576,005 15,000 0.00  20,076 20,076.00 90,666 90,666.00			Total Loans
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00 0.00 20,076.00 90,666.00	co	16	HEAHealth Professions Pharmacy Loan
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00	16		Pharmacy
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00		4	Federal Nursing Loan
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00	4		Nursing
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00	•	0	Primary Care Medical Loan
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00	•	. 0	LDS Medical Loan
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00		. 0	Health Professions Medical Loan
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00	0		Medicine
8,076,510.00 701,747.00 591,005.00		_	LDS Dental Loan
8,076,510.00 \$: 701,747.00 591,005.00	57	44	Health Professions Dental Loan
8,076,510.00 \$10,747.00	45		Dentistry
8,076,510.00 \$	65		Health Professions Student Loans
		2,802	Perkins Loans (Need-Based)
,725			Federal Funds Total
,725	•	0	Robert W. Johnson Medical Loan
			Order Of The Grail Loan
	•	0	Milton T. & Mary M. Nafey Loan
	•	0	James & Iona Ballou Loan Descendent
122,412	12	10	James & Iona Ballou Loan
		0	George and Texie Stackouse Loan
192,678	19	123	Consolidated Loan
9020,000	139		University Funds Total Addle W. Coats Loan

## AWARDS FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES

TOTAL AWARDS FROM UNIVERSITY-CONTROLLED SOURCES

\$79,394,304

#### Scholarships

Various Sponsored Scholarships A.B.W.A. Association Scholarhsip Aid for Lutherans Scholarship Air Force ROTC AKA Sorority Scholarship American Business Clubs Scholarship American Business Clubs Scholarship American Business Clubs Scholarship	State Scholarships N. C. Teaching Fellows Awards N. C. Nurse Scholarships Other State Scholarships Board of Governors Dental Scholarship Board of Governors Medical Scholarship Cameron Scholarship N. C. Dept. of Veterans Affairs N. C. Dept. Services for Blind State Scholarship	National Merit Scholarship National Merit Scholarship National Merit Supplemental Scholarship National Achievement Scholarships National Achievement Scholarship (Non-Renewable) National Achievement Scholarship	Recognition Scholarships National Merit Scholarships National Merit Scholarship (Non-Renewable)
12 88 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	216 80 29 30 31 31 31	0 141 67 12 4	3
<b>4.756</b>	216 80 100	<del>1</del> 6	<b>227</b> 211
5,450 16,125 168,554 18,274 196,050 22,200	1,295,850 358,000 608,548 459,386 22,435 246,245 13,205	284,750 64,500 30,000 6,000	7,500
	1,295,850.00 358,000.00 1,349,819.00	36,000.00	356,750.00
\$10,587,814	\$3,003,669		\$392,750

	of Awards		of Awards
Army ROTC	3 6	177,775	
Aubrey Lee Brooks Scholarship  Bureau of Indian Affairs Grant	00	750,110	
Business & Professional Women's Scholarship Carolina Power & Light Scholarship	0 9	4,950	
Centura Bank Summer Bridge Scholarship	00	1	
Charlotte-Mecklenburg PTA Scholarship Church Scholarship	18 2	9,000	
Citizens Scholarship Foundation	270	498,000 11 850	
Clara Abbott Scholarship	φ <del>-</del>	23,480	
Coca Cola Scholarship	28 57	43,500 146,000	
DC Tuition Assistance Grant	ယ္က :	320,000	
Delta Sigma Theta Scholarship	35.	6,834 268,638	
Dixson Scholarship	0 0	100,000	
Duke Power Scholarship	n co	28,000 73,870	
Elks Scholarship	29	25,750	
Gates Scholarship Golden Leaf Scholarship	38 27	222,063 78,500	
Grant	33	23,300	
Greensboro Parks & Rec. Scriolarship Huffman-Cornwell Scholarship	<b>N</b> -	2,500	
Hugh Morson Scholarship	<u>,                                    </u>	11,000	
Indian Education Fellowship	0.	j	
Indian Health Service Scholarship  James B. Hunt College Scholarship	o c		
James G. Martin Scholarship			2.7
Jaycees/Jaycettes Scholarship	. 4.	1,750	
Jonn McNair Scholarship  Junior Miss Scholarship	16 <i>-</i>	24,429	
Kemper Foundation Scholarship	òo	48 000	
Legislative College Opportunity	0 6	40,000	
Life-Long Learning Scholarship	0		
Linoth Land I candation Contracting	21	14,600	
Marie Shank Scholarship	<b>1</b> 0	19 670	
Martin Marietta Scholarship	0 0		
Mellinger Foundation Scholarship	ა 0	3 000	
N.C. 4-H Development Fund Scholarship	1	0	
N.C. Insurance Agents Scholarship National Association Principals' Scholarship	0 0		
National Guard Grant	<b>o</b>	10,311	
National Health Service Scholarship  National Honor Society Scholarship	13	6,600	
Navy ROTC	26	301,426	
NCAEOP Scholarship NCAR-EMS Scholarship	4 ω	9,000	
NCNB Scholarship	•		
Officers Wives Scholarship Optimist Club Scholarship	11 17	15,620 10,270	-
Order of Eastern Star Scholarship	စ တ	5,100	
Pharmaceutical Association Scholarship	<b>Ο</b> α	14,000	
Private Scholarship	1,440	2,796,453	
Private Scholarship (3rd Fund)	98	94,680	
Private Scholarship (4th Fund) Private Scholarship (5th Fund)	129 12	25,550 13,000	
R. J. Reynolds Scholarship	35 i	75,627	
Rapid American Corp. Scholarship			

Total Scholarships	Winston-Salem Foundation Scholarship	Triangle Community Fdn. Scholarship	Tin Whistles Edn Scholarship	Teagle Foundation Scholarship	Sternberger Foundation Scholarship	N.C. Morehead Merit Award	Morehead Award	McNair Foundation Scholarship	Gregory Foundation Scholarship	Frank & Sallie Borgen Fon, Scholarship	Francis O. Caddle Scholarship	Foundation Scholarship Program	Foundation for Carolinas Scholarship	Firestone Scholarship	Correy Foundation Scholarship	Foundation Scholarships	Woman's Club Scholarship	Winn-Dixie Scholarship	William B. Rooman Scholarship	Wal-Mart Scholarship	Wade H. Atkinson Scholarship	Vocational Rehab. Grant	Veterans Administration Scholarship Veterans Educational Benefits	VA Contributory Benefits	U.D.C. Scholarship	Tuition Grant	Triangle Advertising Scholarship	Ton of the Y. Scholarship	Thomasville Furniture-Finch Scholarship	Thomas Skinner Scholarship	Thomas J. Watson Scholarship	Thomas H. Carrow Scholarship	Thomas & Mary Leath Scholarship	T Austin Finch Scholarshin	State Employees Association Scholarship	Sponsors-Academic Talent Scholarship	Sirrine Scholarship	Scholarship	Sam Walton Wal-Mart Scholarship	Rotary Club Scholarship	Robert Byrd Honors Scholarship	Reithen Robertson Scholarship	Renewable Private Scholarship (4th Fund)	Renewable Private Scholarship (3rd Fund)	Renewable Private Scholarship (2nd Fund)		
5,762	33	12 .	<b></b> (	0 (	o (	0 6	196	o i	1 4	۰ د	o c	, <del>4</del> 8	58	0 (	0 @		<u>ن</u> د	<b>1</b> C	) K		ω	43	o	•	O	0	ယ	o -	<b>.</b> С		84	4	20 (	o 4	100	î 73		0	39	211	296	သပိ	23 35 C	0 0	76	O Awarus	of Awards
	107,036	25,844	2.000			100	3.897.628	-	6,000	3 850	٠	153,299	165,750			100 500	39,250	1,000	4 000 000		6,900	155,668	45,U5 <del>4</del>	45 05 4	3,650		7,500	*,000			180,000	12,000	70.200	439,100	12,050	11,000	2,000	•	40,500	267,054	437,150	6,000	. 3 343 610		110,372		
\$18,475,140																\$4,490,907											-																			CI Awards	of Awards

Other Loans Total
N.C. Health, Science, Math Loans
N.C. Nurse Education Scholarship/Loan
N.C. Principal Fellows Award
N.C. Professional Teachers Scholarship/Loan

92 19 20

1346 92 19 20

660,568 18,330 370,000 48,750

660,568.00 18,330.00 370,000.00 48,750.00

\$16,281,165

Federal Family Educational Loans Total
Parent Loans (PLUS) - (Non-Need-Based)
Subsidized Stafford Loans (Need-Based)
Unsubsidized Stafford Loans (Non-Need-Based)

1,043 5,862 6,759

9,716,006 35,179,754 51,036,336

13,664

\$95,932,096

\$112,213,261			15,010		Total Loans
		195,093	1	ယ္	Private Loan #2
		3,441,032	->	341	Private Loan #1
					Pickett & Hatcher Loan
					Maj. D.C. & Mr. Edwards Loan
		17,900	9		Little Foundation Loan
					Foundation Loan
-	3,654,025.00		384		Private Foundation Loans
					United Methodist Loan
					TERI Loan
					Robert W. Johnson Dental Loan
					PHEAA Supplemental Loan
					Nellie Mae Loan
					N.C. Social Workers Loan
					N. C. Guaranteed Loan
		71,472	0	10	Medical Alternative Loan
					MBA Tuition Loan
					MBA Access Loan
					Loan
					Law Access Loan
		2,697,358	4	84	International MBA CFI
					HEAL Loan
				,	Federal Supplemental Loan (SLS)
					Consern Loan
		18,240	4	-4	Commercial Loan
		8,742,422	. <b>ப</b>	715	College Foundation Inc., Extra Loan
			,		Citibank Loan
	11,529,492.00		823		Other Educational Loans
	Amount of Awards	E	Number of Awards	Of N	

TOTAL FUNDS AWARDED OR DISTRIBUTED BY THE OFFICE OF SCHOLARSHIPS AND STUDENT AID

Total Awards from Outside Sources

\$210,082,705

\$130,688,401

ip and Financial Aid (Need and Non-Need-Based) Awards to Indergraduates, Graduate/Professional) ear 1996-1997 to Academic Year 2005-2006

	<u>1999-2000</u>	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006
	\$119.7	\$128.1	\$134.9	\$163.7	\$188.9	\$200.9	\$210.1
	10,599	11,501	12,687	13,552	14,396	14,872	15,120
	\$11,289	\$11,136	\$10,633	\$12,081	\$13,117	\$13,508	\$13,942
						•	
THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS N	57%	57%	55%	56%	57%	55%	55%
	10	10	9	9	9	8	8 -
	33	33	36	35	34	37	37
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~							
	45%	38%	43%	44%	42%	42%	42%
	1	1	3	3	1	1	1
	54	61	54	53	57	57	57

-in-aid, Morehead Awards, ROTC Scholarships, and 198. Patterns change as data quality improves.

<sup>27,2007).</sup> 

Analyses and Recommendations of the Subcommittee on Grading Equitable Use of Grades in Measuring Student Accomplishment:

Report of the Educational Policy Committee University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Report Prepared by the Subcommittee on Grading
Peter C. Gordon (Chair)
Andrew J. Perrin
Gwendolyn Sancar
Kevin G. Stewart

UNC Chapel Hill

across courses, provides a better measure of relative student accomplishment than does raw method of aggregating students' grades that takes into account differences in grading patterns measure of student accomplishment. It shows that the Achievement Index2, an alternative grading practices across academic disciplines and instructors. 1 substantial variation in the grades assigned in different courses, variation that reflects differing recommendations are presented to Faculty Council in the form of proposed legislation at the end to raw GPA and that University Distinction be awarded based on the Achievement Index. These GPA. It recommends that undergraduate transcripts list student Achievement Index in addition variation in grading practices affects the validity of grade-point average (QPA) as an aggregate Analyses of grading patterns at Carolina and at other universities have shown that there is This report examines how

# GRADES AS A MEASURE FOR COMPARING STUDENT PERFORMANCE

between students. information about grades in such a way as to maximize the validity of the comparisons made necessary, consequential, and widespread use of grades, the University should present University systematically uses grades to compare students' performance. Because this is a students' performance, its analyses and recommendations proceed from the observation that the graduation. While this report recognizes that grades are used for purposes other than comparing programs, in employment decisions, and by the University in awarding distinction upon One common use of grades is to compare the academic accomplishments of different Grades are used in decisions about admissions to professional schools and graduate

grades, weighted by the number of credits associated with each grade. GPA has long been recognized as a very problematic measure.<sup>3</sup> The most serious problem is that it is difficult to comparing the performance of different students. courses and instructors students encountered, not the students' performance in those courses. vary substantially. The source of much of the variation between students' GPAs is therefore the compare GPAs because students take different classes and the grading practices across classes in college and high school. It is the average of the numerical equivalents of a student's letter Despite this problem, GPA is by far the most common aggregate measure used for the purpose of Grade point average is a familiar measure of student performance that is commonly used

comparisons of students' academic accomplishments. of Statistics and Decisions at Duke University, as an alternative to GPA that allows more valid Achievement Index (or AI), which was developed by Valen Johnson while he was in the Institute The Achievement Index. The analyses and recommendations in this report focus on the The AI is one of a number of statistical

Quantitative analyses of grading patterns that document these patterns at Carolina can be found in two EPC reports: Grade Inflation at UNC Chapel Hill (http://www.unc.edu/faculty/faccoun/reports/R2000EPCGrdInfl.PDF) and the Annual Report for 2004 (http://www.unc.edu/faculty/faccoun/reports/2003-04/R04EDP1.htm). Other recent discussions of grading at Carolina can be found in the 2001 Report of the Task Force on Grading Standards (http://www.unc.edu/faculty/faccoun/reports/2000-01/R2001GradingStandards.htm) and EPC's Annual Report for 2005 (http://www.unc.edu/faculty/faccoun/reports/2004-05/R05EPC1.htm).

In addition to the works by V. Johnson, see Stricker, L.J. et al. (1992). Adjusting college grade point average for variations in grading standards, (Research Report, Educational Testing Service) and Lei, P.W. et al. (2001). Alternatives to the grade-point average as a measure of academic achievement in college, (ACT Research Report Johnson, V.E. (1997). An alternative to traditional GPA for evaluating student performance. Statistical Science, 257-278; Johnson, V.E. (2003). Grade inflation: A crisis in college education. New York, NY: Springer.

examined and because its assumptions about the meaning of grades seem to be the most appropriate for college grading.<sup>5</sup> Further, the AI builds on the current system of grading which AI is related).4 serious analysis include procedures based on linear regression and on Item Response Theory (to methods developed to address problems with GPA. Other methods which have been subjected to advantageous in practice and also in principle because it recognizes faculty members' academic places no restrictions on faculty members' use of specific grades, a characteristic that is The AI is used here because of the thoroughness with which it has been Further, the AI builds on the current system of grading and

of the AI is complex, its underlying principles are simple and relate in a straightforward way to students taking classes at the institution at which the student is taking classes. While calculation issues in college grading. A brief summary of the AI is given below. The Achievement Index (AI) is a measure of a student's performance relative to all other

- Assumptions about the meaning of grades. The AI makes the minimal assumption that in all students getting A are in the top-ranked group, students getting A- are in the second-ranked grades are not assumed to provide further information (particularly about absolute levels of courses grades provide ordinal information about the performance of students in a class; group, etc.). The number of ranked groups in a class depends on the number of different grade categories that are used by the instructor. For example, there would be three ranked groups receiving the same grade and to rank those groups relative to other groups (e.g., minimal assumption, the grades assigned in a class are used to categorize students into placement in the top-ranked group. the second class would be equivalent to an A in the first class because both indicate ranked groups in a class which used the grades A-, B+, B and B-. In this example an A- in groups in a class where the only grades used were A, A- and B+ while there would be four performance) in a way that can be combined meaningfully across courses. Building on this
- assign grades; criteria that are expressed as cutoffs for the percentage of students that are these different classes requires information about the criteria that individual instructors use to This calculation takes into account the fact that students take different courses from different instructors, and that they do so with different classmates. Combining information across the student given the ordinal information about grades in the courses that the student took. taking classes at the University; it is calculated by determining what score is most likely for indicating the student's academic performance relative to the performance of other students assigned to different grade categories (top category, next best category, etc.). Those cutoffs to refine the students' AI scores, which in turn are used to obtain a better estimate of Al scores of the students in the class. Information about the cutoffs for classes is then used until it finds the cutoffs under which the grades in the class are most likely to occur given the class. Therefore, the AI calculation evaluates different cutoffs for grade categories in a class must be estimated with respect to all students, not just the students in a given instructor's Using the ordinal information provided by grades. A student's AI is a summary score

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Larkey, P. & Caulkin, J. (1992). *Incentives to fail*. Working Paper 92-51, Heinz School of Public Policy and Management, Carnegie Mellon University. Young, J.W. (1990). Adjusting the cumulative GPA based on item response theory. *Journal of Educational Measurement*, 12, 175-186.

on linear regression and also in relation to the procedure commonly used in high schools of assigning higher numerical values to grades in AP and honors classes as compared to regular classes. The EPC Annual Report in 2005 discusses the merits of the AI in relation to approaches for adjusting GPA based

students' grades in all classes is most likely to occur. scores and the set of instructor grade cutoffs are found for which the observed pattern of all instructors' grade cutoffs. This back and forth process is repeated until the set of student Al

- other students' achievement. Thus, in a class where all students get the same grade (e.g., an only to the extent that it provides information about that student's achievement relative to A) that grade neither helps nor hurts the student's AI. . The grade that a student receives in a class contributes to that student's AI
- class (e.g., it is a greater achievement to outperform students who generally do well in their categories in a class depends on the overall academic performance of the students taking the Consequence 2. other classes than it is to outperform students who generally do poorly in their other classes). The meaning of the ordinal information provided by the ranked grade

similarity between the results obtained by the two measures there are differences as well. In measure of student performance. accomplished students tend to do better than less accomplished students. This analysis was done the same standard to all students in a class and that when evaluated by the same standard more examining whether GPA ranking or AI ranking is a better predictor of performance by students cases where they differ, the validity of the rankings based on GPA and AI can be assessed by surprise since GPA and AI are computed from the same grades. While there is a great deal of rankings of student accomplishment as measured by GPA and by AI having a correlation of .926 noteworthy that the views that they provide are far more similar than they are different, with the but lower on GPA. This shows that where GPA and AI diverge, AI provides a more valid grades in the same class, the higher grade was earned by the student who ranked higher on AI student was ranked higher by AI. In 61% of cases where students in such pairs earned different for all pairs of students where one student in the pair was ranked higher by GPA but the other enrolled in the same class at the same time. This is done on the assumption that instructors apply (a correlation of 1.0 would mean that the two rankings were identical). This comes as no computed for students earning a Bachelors degree at Carolina from May of 1999 through May of While GPA and AI are different ways of looking at student accomplishment, it is Assessment of AI using grades at Carolina. For this assessment, GPA and AI were

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The analyses presented in this report were based on a data set, compiled by the Registrar's office, containing all grades given in courses taken by undergraduates from Fall 1995 through Spring 2004. Results are presented beginning with the graduating class of Spring 1999 because most students graduating earlier had taken many courses of Texas), whose assistance is gratefully acknowledged five students because calculating AI in those cases requires assumptions that are not necessary for larger classes. Calculation of the AI was performed by Valen Johnson (now at the M.D. Anderson Cancer Center of the University much by the number-of-classes criterion for inclusion. Finally, the analyses did not include classes with fewer than classes during the time of the analyses. Exploratory analyses showed that the pattern of results was not influenced before the period covered by the data set. Further, the analyses did not include students who took 10 or fewer

variance) and for AI it was .595 (35.4% of the variance). While this pattern supports the idea that AI is a better correlation of GPA with high-school class rank and SAT scores in the group studied here was .516 (26.6% of the students while they are in college or after they graduate. external to college grading. Unfortunately, no external measures of this sort are generally available for college aggregate measures is to compare the strengths of their relationships to a measure of student performance that is that allow students to be compared directly. Another method for assessing the relative validity of different this case GPA and AI) is evaluated using the ordering of students on that subset of measures (in this case classes) performance prior to college and consist of performance in high school and on standardized tests. This method assesses what is called internal order consistency. The ordering of students by aggregate measures (in The only available external measures reflect student

account by the AI but not by GPA, exerts considerable impact on which students receive that variation in grading across courses, instructors, and departments, which are taken into shows that the proportion of students who switch distinction categories is large. distinction depending on which method is used (GPA-Distinction or AI-Distinction), which Distinction) by both methods. The remaining 36% of those students receive different levels of methods, approximately 64% are categorized in the same way (Distinction or Highest not merit distinction by either method. Of the students who merit distinction by one of the students merit distinction by at least one of the methods while the remaining 74% of students do numbers of students receiving distinction under the two methods. Approximately 26% of Distinction which could be compared to the currently used GPA-Distinction. Table 1 shows the percentages were applied to students ranked by AI in order to determine an alternative AI-(GPA of 3.8 or higher) and the next 17% graduated with distinction (GPA of 3.5 to 3.8).8 Those the period studied for this report, the top 5.6% of students graduated with highest distinction student performance, using GPA is an inaccurate and unfair way to award distinction. During GPA. To the extent that GPA measures characteristics of courses and instructors rather than (Distinction and Highest Distinction), which at Carolina are awarded on the basis of student Al and GPA was examined by looking at the awarding of different levels of distinction distinction at Carolina The question of whether there are consequences associated with the divergences between

# Achievement Index None Distinction Highest None 15667 769 1 A Distinction 766 2609 244 Highest 4 241 945

surrounded by a dark line) get higher distinction by AI than by GPA. Students below the method and the AI method. Students on the diagonal (numbers with background shading) receive the same level of distinction by GPA and AI. Students above the diagonal (numbers diagonal (numbers surrounded by a double line) get higher distinction by GPA than by AI Table 1. Number of students receiving different levels of distinction using the current GPA

performance by students enrolled in the same class at the same time. There were 22,296 cases examining whether GPA-based distinction or AI-based distinction was a better predictor of with GPA-only Highest Distinction. Thus, when taking exactly the same class students in the them (62%) the student with AI-only Highest Distinction earned a higher grade than the student GPA-only Distinction. For Highest Distinction, there were 1484 relevant pairings and for 914 of cases (65%) the student with AI-only Distinction earned a higher grade than the student with where the students in such a pair earned different grades in the same class. In 14,455 of those The validity of the distinction categories created from GPA and AI were assessed by

evaluations made at Carolina and make no assumptions about the relevance or validity of high school class rank or aggregate measure than GPA, this report focuses on internal consistency measures because they rely solely on

distinction, because in some cases grades that were not in the data set contributed to the GPAs used for determining distinction. Exploratory analyses showed that the pattern of results was not influenced much by using actual distinction rather than calculated distinction. Determination of distinction was based on GPA calculated from grades in the data set, not from actual award of

often than did students from the GPA-only groups, who currently receive higher distinction Al-only groups, who currently receive no or lesser distinction, got a higher grade almost twice as

## RECOMMENDATIONS

equitable) basis for comparing student performance than does GPA. Accordingly it is recommended that Carolina should: The analyses presented above show that AI provides a more accurate (and hence more

- List AI on students' transcripts. AI should be calculated from students' course grades and would be described as either Achievement GPA or Adjusted GPA. point scale used for grades. This rescaled AI would be used on students' transcripts and zero. However, a simple rescaling procedure transforms those scores onto the familiar fourlisted on their transcripts in addition to GPA. AI scores are real numbers distributed around
- might be desirable to change from two to three levels of distinction (Distinction, High distinction need not be governed by the considerations used in the mid 1980s. In addition, it distinction. The selection of percentage cutoffs to be applied to the AI in awarding percentage of students whose performance should be recognized with different levels of received Distinction. Using AI for awarding distinction requires re-considering the In Spring of 2004, 5.7% of graduating students received Highest Distinction and 16.9% consideration in choosing was that about 5% of students would be expected to earn Highest by Faculty Council in the mid 1980s, and while it is based on absolute levels of GPA one Award distinction based on AI. The current system for awarding distinction was adopted Distinction and Highest Distinction). Distinction and an additional 10% would earn Distinction given the grade levels at the time
- a letter indicating their class rank based on GPA. Instead, class rank would be determined Determine class rank using AI. Upon request, the Registrar's Office provides students with

guidelines should be reformulated. Finally, GPA plays a role in standards for graduation and are formulated by departments, which do so within the framework of University guidelines that could be used. As a second example, the criteria for awarding Departmental Honors at Carolina decisions, though it might be beneficial for the University to formulate guidelines about how AI use AI rather than GPA should probably be left to the schools that make the admissions at Carolina for admission to undergraduate professional schools. A decision about whether to based on comparative standards and therefore AI should not be incorporated into those standards continuing academic eligibility. However, graduation and continuing eligibility should not be include GPA; again, consideration would need to be given to the question of whether those University currently uses GPA but instead should use AI. For example, at present GPA is used Additional review will be needed to determine whether there are other cases where the

determining distinction and class rank, and how to communicate information about the AI procedural issues include questions such as how to define cohorts of students for purposes of technical issues center on methods for secure and reliable calculation of the AI. Critical with resolving technical and procedural issues associated with using the AI. The critical implementation committee composed of faculty and administrators be constituted and charged the AI to be used at Carolina in the manner described above. We recommend that an Implementation. A number of important issues would have to be addressed in order for

of levels, ranging from a simple one-sentence statement about the AI, which would appear on Procedures for communicating externally about the AI would have to be developed at a number individual sections of courses (listed by instructor) at Carolina and at other public universities a-Prof, a commercial service that provides students with information about the grades in information would complement the information that is currently available to students from Pickclasses have differentiated levels of student performance in the past. This latter type of which classes could impact the AI of an enrolling student based on the degree to which the they take classes and also providing information to students and teachers about the extent to communication would include informing students about their AIs after every semester in which institutions that consider the academic performance of our students. to students and teachers at Carolina and externally to employers and other educational procedures would have to be developed for communicating information about AI both internally and the reasons that the University has adopted it. documents such as transcripts, to more comprehensive discussions of the mechanics of the AI GPA may be a misleading measure but it is very familiar. Al is not familiar, so Procedures for internal

options for presenting information. Finally, it is recommended that procedures be put in place about student performance and about how classes contribute to students' AIs. While that implemented, students and faculty should be given information about what the AI would say the AI familiar and would also allow the AI implementation group to get feedback on different information would not be part of a student's official record, it would help make the concept of for tracking the impacts of the AI. It is also recommended that during the period in which use of the AI is being

Comparative Rankings of Students. Resolution 2007-\_. On Adopting the Achievement Index as the Metric for University-wide

been identified by the Educational Policy Committee as a serious and ongoing concern; and Whereas, interdepartmental and inter-instructor variation in grading in undergraduate courses has

Whereas, although departmental and disciplinary grading standards may appropriately vary in consequence of the philosophies and orientations of the disciplines, nevertheless such grading undergraduate students based solely on grades; now therefore disparities constitute a specific threat to the validity of University-wide comparative rankings of

The Faculty Council resolves

Pursuant to the recommendation of the Educational Policy Committee in its report to the Council of March, 2007, the Achievement Index [as defined in Valen E. Johnson, "An Alternative to undergraduate students, including but not limited to the awarding of University distinction. 1997), pp. 251-269] is adopted as the metric for University-wide comparative rankings of Traditional GPA for Evaluating Student Performance," Statistical Science, Vol. 12, No. 4 (Nov.

relying on transcript information to interpret the AI Point Average (GPA). The Registrar shall also provide appropriate documentation to allow those derivative measure, on the official undergraduate transcript in addition to the traditional Grade The University Registrar is requested to record the student's Achievement Index (AI), or a

viability of, and stakeholders' confidence in, the calculation, recording, and dissemination of the recommendations concerning the institutional and technical steps needed to insure the long-term AI. The task force is also charged with developing procedures for tracking the impact over time The Provost is requested to appoint an AI Implementation Task Force charged to make

## **JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS OF THE GENERAL FACULTY AND FACULTY** COUNCIL

### March 23, 2007

Trotman, Wallace, Weinberg, Whisnant and Wilson. The following 25 members were granted excused absences: Bagnell, Belger, Bennett, Boukhelifa, Cairns, Connolly, Fisher, Gulledge, Hightow, Huber, Jonas, Marshall, McCombs, Murphy, Murray, Orth, Rustioni, Sandelowski, Strom-Gottfried, Tiwana, Wasik, Wegner, Wilder, Wissick and Yankaskas. The following 8 members were absent without excuse: following 54 members of the Council attended: Alperin, Bachenheimer, Balthrop, Barreau, Blocher, Campbell, Cantwell, Chapman, Chin, Collichio, Conway, Copenhaver, Couper, Dalton, Degener, Desaix, Dupuis, Eble, Gerber, Gilligan, Glazner, Halloran, Hendrick, Hobbs, Kamarei, Kirsch, Kramer, Lastra, LeFebvre, Lesneski, Maffly-Kipp, Matson, Matthysse, McGrath, McIntosh, Moss, Oatley, Papanikolas, Peirce, Peterson, Pruvost, Salmon, Saunders, Selassie, Silversmith, Sulik, Sweeney, Temple, Threadgill, Ammerman, Arnold, Booth, Ewend, Keagy, MacLean, Rosamond and Taylor. The Faculty Council of the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill convened at 3:00 p.m. in the Hitchcock Multipurpose Room of the Sonja Haynes Stone Center for Black Culture and History. The

# Welcome, Opening Remarks, and General Questions

Chancellor Moeser spoke of the dedication earlier this week of the residence hall formerly known as Morrison South in honor of Paul Hardin, who served from 1988 to 1995 as seventh chancellor of the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. He praised Chancellor Hardin for leading the Bicentennial for the University, and for helping to double minority representation on the faculty. Campaign for Carolina, which raised \$440 million, for securing greater fiscal and management flexibility

become the home of the National College Advising Corps Coordinating Office, which is a new effort to increase college enrollment and graduation among low-income high school and community college students. Carolina will also receive a grant of \$1 million from the Cooke Foundation to place college advisers in 18 low-income high schools across the state. The chancellor announced that the Jack Kent Cooke Foundation has announced that Carolina will

objectives of the accountability plan include providing a transparent account of goals, directions, and visit each campus in the System and generate recommendations to the Board of Governors. conducted by a blue-ribbon commission that will be assisted by a Scholars Council. The commission will Chancellor Moeser summarized two recent initiatives from UNC System President Erskine Bowles and the UNC Board of Governors: (1) an 18-month initiative called "the University of North Carolina Tomorrow," and (2) an accountability plan for the UNC System. The first of these is designed to determine student success, outstanding faculty, program quality, use of space, and private fund-raising performances on a number of specific performance measures. The plan will address topics such as how the UNC System can best meet North Carolina's needs over the next two decades. It will be

Hendren; graduate student Lauren Anderson, and Dean Melissa Exum. prepared by the Student Advisory Committee to the Chancellor. Members of the task force include Assoc. Provost Stephen Allred to study and respond to a "Report on Academic Responsibility" recently Finally, the chancellor announced that he has appointed a 10-member task force chaired by Exec (Dentistry); undergraduate students Ronald Bilbao, Ashley Frayda Bluestein (Government), Karen Gil (Psychology), Darryl Gless (English), Ronald Collette Groves,

Provost Bernadette Gray-Little reported briefly on the following items:

- members of the faculty has been completed and will be implemented beginning July 1, The final version of a new policy on criminal conviction checks for newly-appointed
- Graduate School. The team will be chaired by John Keller, Assoc. Provost for Graduate A review team has been appointed to look at the organization and scope of the

Education and Dean of the Graduate College at the University of Iowa. Other members include Rosanne Ford, Assoc. Vice President for Research and Graduate Studies at the University of Virginia, and Ruth Walden, Associate Dean of the School of Journalism and Mass Communication here at Carolina.

center on the academic advising program in the College, but will also include advising done in Honors, departments and curricula, Study Abroad, student-to-student peer advising, and that provided to student athletes. (undergraduate), and one additional undergraduate yet to be named. The review will Band (Geography) and Michelle Vice Provost for Academic Programs at the University of Virginia; Professors Lawrence Undergraduate Studies at The Pennsylvania State University. Other members include A review of advising with the College of Arts and Sciences will be conducted by a review team chaired by Eric R. White, Executive Director of the Division of Asst. Provost for Enrollment at Texas A&M University, J. Milton Adams, Berger (Women's Studies); Kreemah

whether a new background check would be required with each reappointment. The Provost replied that acknowledged weakness of the new policy for which there is no easy answer. Prof. Bachenheimer asked Prof. Steven Bachenheimer (Microbiology & Immunology) asked about background checks persons who are citizens of another country at the time of employment. The Provost said that checks would be done only at the point of initial employment University would not be doing checks through Interpol. Assoc. Provost Steven Allred said that this is an employment. The Provost said that the ₫

resolution discouraging street bonfires following basketball games Prof. Templeton gave a brief update on efforts being made in response to the Council's recent

### **Committee Reports**

Grounds, presented the committee's annual report. Buildings and Grounds. Prof. David Owens (Government), Chair of the Committee on Buildings and

that the faculty member's department and OTD would receive less, and that departments that would be the creator a greater share of royalties. She said the policy primarily affects creation of software and Copyright. Leah McGinnis Dunn (Undergraduate Library), Chair of the Committee on Copyright, presented the committee's annual report. On behalf of the committee, she introduced and explained a that this can be unfair and is trying to find ways to address the issue SPA personnel for work done in the course of their employment. He said that the University recognizes produced by teams that include SPA personnel and asked whether those team members might share in royalties. Mr. Fairey replied that the State Personnel Act places many obstacles in the way of rewarding University Council, replied that the policy has no effect on production of directed works by the School of Government. Prof. Marci Campbell (Nutrition) pointed out that often works subject to the policy are asked for clarification on whether the revised policy would affect directed works. Fletcher Fairey, Assoc potentially affected have been consulted and support the change. Prof. Richard Whisnant (Government) Copenhaver (Biology) asked whose share of the royalties would be reduced as a result. Ms. Dunn said policy on commercialization of copyrighted works, is to give greater incentives to the faculty to use the services of the Office of Technology Development (OTD) for commercialization of their works by giving resolution entitled "Encouraging Use of Office of Technology Development's Resources for the Commercialization of Works." She said that the purpose of the resolution, which revises the University's works because OTD is not involved in publishing books or journals. Prof. Gregory

The resolution was adopted without dissent and is enrolled as Resolution 2007-6

Awards, and Student Aid, presented the committee's annual report Scholarships and Student Aid. Prof. Charles Daye (Law), Chair of the Committee on Scholarships

# Second Reading of Resolution 2007-4 Amending the Faculty Code

presented and moved adoption on second reading of Resolution 2007-4. Prof. Michael Lienesch (Political Science), Chair of the Committee on University Government,

contained in Resolution 2007-4. Prof. Lienesch said that he had no objection to the proposed amendment. The amendment was adopted. Prof. Ferrell said that he was of the opinion that the Prof. Frank Dominguez (Romance Languages) moved adoption of an amendment to reinstate the provisions of current Section 8-4 of the Faculty Code that speak to the right of department chairs in the enrolled as Resolution 2007-4. amendment was not a material amendment that places the resolution back on first reading and that the Ferrell, Secretary of the Faculty, said that this amendment would be appropriate for new Section 6-3 as 2007-4 was put on second reading. The resolution, as amended, was adopted without dissent and is General Faculty could proceed to vote on second reading if it so desired. Without objection, Resolution College of Arts and Sciences to appeal to the provost and chancellor in budgetary matters. Prof. Joseph

# Index as the Metric for University-Wide Comparative Rankings of Students Educational Policy Committee Report and Proposal on Adopting the Achievement

developed by the Educational Policy Committee to adopt the Achievement Index. Prof. Peter Gordon (Psychology), Chair of the Educational Policy Committee, presented a proposal

second criticism, he agreed that the Al system does treat the top grades in a given course the same, no matter what the letter grade, but that overall the objection raised by Prof. Copenhaver on this point is that he recognized that there would be some cost involved, but he felt that it would be justified. As to the assumes no pre-differentiation in the students allowed to enroll in particular courses. Prof. Gordon replied different levels of ability in the student cohorts in different years. Third, he said that the Al system suggested that such equivalence does not necessarily exist and that the AI concept fails to account for expense and administrative effort. Second, he said that the AI system assumes that grades are ordinal but it also assumes equivalence from year to year of the same course taught by the same instructor. He (GPA). In view of such a high correlation, he wondered whether computing Al would be worth the by the Educational Policy Committee shows a 92% correlation between Al and Grade Point Average Prof. Copenhaver made three criticisms of the Al proposal. First, he noted that the data presented

Prof. Peter Gilligan (Medicine) said that he had been for some years a member of the Medical School's admissions committee and that he did not think that the committee would give much credence to an applicant's AI, or overall GPA, for that matter. Rather, the committee is more influenced by how the consumers of academic performance data than Prof. Gilligan's comment might suggest. Prof. Gordon replied that he thought that admissions committees are much more sophisticated applicant has performed in courses directly relevant to the study of medicine, such as science courses

taken this into account. Prof. Gordon replied that there is an extensive literature on this topic and that the evaluations tend to drive up GPA over time. He asked whether the Educational Policy Committee had findings are inconclusive Prof. John Sweeney (Journalism & Mass Communication) said that it is his impression that student

at the upper and lower extremes. He said that he would expect that employers and admissions student performance in the middle of the curve but does not really help much with differentiating students committees making use of performance data would not find Al of much help for that reason. Prof. Gordon Prof. John Papanikolas (Chemistry) observed that the AI does tend to improve differentiation among

little impact Honors sections. Prof. Gordon said the committee had considered this and conluded that there would be Prof. Patrick Conway (Economics) expressed concern at the effect Al might have on enrollment in

Prof. Terence McIntosh (History) asked about the effect on Study Abroad programs. Prof. Gordon said that the Educational Policy Committee had not taken Study Abroad into account and acknowledged that something would need to be done on that account.

Prof. Andrew Chin (Law) noted that an alternative that accomplishes the same objectives as Al would be a mandatory University-wide grading curve. He said that he felt using the Al would be a better and more acceptable solution. Prof. Gordon pointed out that the faculty soundly defeated a proposal for a mandatory grading curve in 2000.

As the adjournment hour was nearing, it was agreed that a special meeting of the faculty will be held on April 13, 2007, to continue the discussion.

### Adjournment

Its business having been completed, the Council adjourned at 5:00 p.m.

Joseph S. Ferrell Secretary of the Faculty